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A P P E N D I X A

to Report 232

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UNCLASSIFIED

RESEARCH STAFF
OFFICE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
AMERICAN EMBASSY

I. The American Political System

Section 2: Views of American Democracy

COMMENTS IN DETAIL ...

"Please tell me what you understand by the word 'democracy'."

	West Germany	West Berlin
A. FREEDOM AND JUSTICE	(49%)	(69%)
Free expression of opinion (freedom of the press):	22%	30%
"It's a form of government under which the individual has the right to express his opinion freely."		
"In a democracy every citizen is entitled to express his opinion and doesn't have to swallow some official line."		
"Everybody is free to express his opinion and to speak up about the things that displease him."		
"People are free to express their opinions without risking punishment."		
"Freedom of opinion is guaranteed. People may candidly criticize the actions of the government."		
Personal freedom:	19	28
"The individual is free to do what he pleases. It's not the way it is in Russian-controlled territories, where just everything is forbidden."		
"The individual citizen is free. He has a right to enjoy his freedom, and there is nobody to exert pressure on him."		
"A democratic system ensures the greatest possible measure of freedom for the individual citizen."		
"Everybody is free to shape his own life."		
"If the individual is free to choose a way of life that suits him, that's democracy."		
Social justice, equality of rights for all:	8	11
"This term stands first of all for social justice."		
"It means equality of rights for all citizens."		
"In a democracy all citizens are to enjoy an equal measure of freedom and equal rights."		
"It means equal rights for all."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
B. CONTROL OF THE GOVERNMENT BY THE PEOPLE	(33%)	(32%)
Government by the people:	22	21
"It's a form of government in which supreme power is vested in the people which entrust their representatives with exercising it. It's the people who have the final say."		
"The government has to act according to the wishes of the people."		
"The will of the people is decisive. The government's function is to enforce the will of the people."		
"The people decide. All power is vested in the people."		
"Democracy means that the individual citizen takes a part in the jurisdiction and legislation of his country."		
Election of the government by the people:	11	11
"A democracy has the government elected by the people."		
"By this I understand a government that's elected by the people in free elections. Its members being ordinary citizens."		
"The people elect their representatives and these govern the country."		
"The members of the government are elected by the people. Those who have the strongest backing succeed."		
C. A FORM OF GOVERNMENT	(7%)	(9%)
No dictatorship:	4	5
"It means that there isn't one person to control everything."		
"It's the opposite of the Hitler regime."		
"It means a free country, no totalitarian regime."		
A multi-party system:	2	4
"A democracy means that there are many political parties which cooperate to build the prosperity of the nation."		
"It's a state in which many political parties exist."		
"What I understand by it is that several parties exist and that the individual citizen can vote for the party that suits him."		
A form of government (general answers):	1	-
"It's a governmental system."		
"It's a specific type of government and administration."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
D. MISCELLANEOUS	(4%)	(11%)
Financial security and prosperity for the individual:	1	5
"For me it means having a regular income and providing for a comfortable old age." "My idea is that everybody makes good money regardless of the class to which he belongs or what his occupation may be."		
Not the form of government realized in West Germany:	1	3
"Not the system we've got here at present where the party bigwigs are in absolute control." "Our present system does not deserve the name democracy."		
The form of government realized in West Germany:	1	1
"Our present government is something in that line." "By democracy I understand our present regime."		
Living in peace:	*	1
"It means to me to live in peace." "Peaceful co-existence of all nations."		
Democracy means independence:	1	1
"It's an independent country." "Democracy means a free nation which is independent of all other countries."		
E. OTHER ANSWERS	(3%)	(7%)
F. NEGATIVE COMMENTS ON DEMOCRACY	(1%)	(1%)
G. NO OPINION - NO ANSWER	(22%)	(13%)
	119%@	142%@

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

* Less than one half of one per cent

COMMENTS IN DETAIL ...

"From all you have heard or read about it, what, in your opinion, are the good sides, or strong points, of the American democracy such as appear in everyday life?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
POINTS IN RELATION TO THE INDIVIDUAL	(20%)	(33%)
The freedom the individual enjoys:	16	25
"Above all, freedom of opinion is respected in the U.S. Everybody may express his opinions freely without jeopardizing his career."		
"The fact that the Americans criticize their government candidly if it commits a mistake."		
"The individual enjoys the greatest measure of freedom and that also goes for the press."		
"People are free to move to any place they fancy. They also can build a home that suits their taste wherever they please."		
"The Americans are tolerant towards people who hold opinions different from their own."		
The influence the individual has on the political life of the nation:	2	4
"Every adult can influence the political developments according to his wishes by turning to his Congressman who can bring a matter before parliament."		
"Public opinion counts over there."		
"The people have a voice in everything."		
The absence of class distinctions and a caste spirit:	1	3
"Over there the social structure isn't so rigid. Titles aren't so important, instead, it's capability in one's chosen field that counts."		
"People are equal. Everybody has the chance to get ahead in life, regardless into what environment he was born."		
The education towards democracy Americans receive:	1	1
"Their educational system numbers among the strong points of democracy. As early as in school democratic ideals are instilled in the individual American."		
"One of the rudiments of their educational system is to bring up the young in a democratic spirit."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
U.S. ECONOMY	(18%)	(45%)
The high standard of living:	8	20
"Greater efforts are made to let the average person share in the prosperity." "Workers fare better over there. They put in shorter working hours and receive higher wages." "The American standard of living is way above ours and for that they can thank the government." "Under the democratic regime in the U. S. much was done to raise the standard of living of the people."		
The good job opportunities and chances for advancement:	3	15
"In America everybody has the chance to better himself." "An able person will get ahead over there. It's only efficiency that counts." "You can land any job you desire if you are able to do it properly. Nobody cares what training you've had."		
The free enterprise system, high industrial level:	3	6
"The absence of restrictions in the economic sector is a good side of the American democracy. Over there everybody can set himself up in business without any government authorities interfering." "The Americans adhere to the free enterprise system as everybody is agreed on this point." "The free play of economic forces."		
The affluence of the Americans:	2	1
"The Americans have money, and that plays quite an important role." "The American democracy has a better chance to function competently as the country is so rich."		
The position of the unions in the U.S.:	1	2
"A good thing is that the American unions are so powerful and exercise such a strong influence on public life." "The powerful unions represent a positive feature of the American democracy."		
The low tax rates:	1	1
"Over there tax legislation is very favorable for the individual." "Taxes aren't so heavy in the U.S."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
INTERNAL POLITICS AND ADMINISTRATION	(4%)	(6%)
The Two-Party System:	2	2
"I think one of the good sides of the American democracy is that there are only two political parties, and thus there isn't as much strife on the political scenery as there is in Germany." "In the U.S. there aren't as many political parties as there are in our country. This makes for a wider margin of agreement and a more constant leadership."		
The position of the President, the attitude of the people toward him:	1	1
"The fact that in the U.S. a personality is elected President and not just the exponent of a political party." "The President also fulfills the function of a prime minister."		
The friendly accord existing between government and people:	1	1
"Government and people are in agreement. Government officials work hard to promote public welfare." "Under the American democratic system it's possible to redress wrongs done to an individual."		
The unbureaucratic administration:	*	2
"One of the good sides of the American democracy is that Americans keep an open mind on things and that their administration works in an unbureaucratic manner." "People are more open-minded over there. Officials especially aren't as stuck in a rut as they are in our country."		
FOREIGN POLICY	(4%)	(12%)
The readiness to help their fellowmen as well as other nations characteristic for the Americans:	4	11
"The individual American is compassionate, and also the nation as a whole is ready to help others." "One of the strong points of the American democracy is that these people are willing to help other nations." "I'm thinking of those many grants-in-aid we received from the Americans when times were hard for us." "The compassion the Americans showed towards us Germans back in 1945."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
The striving for peace and international understanding:	*	1
"Their will to preserve peace is a positive side of democracy." "They know how to steer clear of war."		
MISCELLANEOUS	(5%)	(5%)
"It's the country with the oldest democracy." "People are free of fear over there, there have never been any Nazis." "The fact that safeguards against totalitarianism were set up is a strong point."		
NO OPINION	(56%)	(28%)
	107%@	129%@

* Less than one half of one per cent

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

COMMENTS IN DETAIL ...

"And what, in your opinion, are the bad sides, or weak points, of the American democracy as are revealed in everyday life?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
BAD SIDES OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS	(25%)	(46%)
The inadequate social security system:	5	10
"Old age security and health insurance systems do not function efficiently. The aged and the sick are entirely dependent on their savings or on private insurance payments. I feel the government should take care of these matters."		
"Social welfare and old age provisions are unsatisfactory."		
"Social welfare, including old age security, are in a deplorable condition. In some parts of the country no social services exist at all."		
"Social welfare is poorly developed."		
The unsolved racial problem:	4	14
"The Americans preach equality of rights wherever they go, but in their own country they suppress the Negroes."		
"Although the Americans loudly proclaim themselves champions of civic liberties, the colored people in the U.S. do not have equality of rights."		
"Racial discrimination is one of the weaknesses. Such a thing mustn't happen in a democracy."		
"In my opinion, racial relations are one of the weakest points of the American democracy."		
The overly liberal education and its negative consequences:	3	7
"The younger generation is granted too much freedom over there."		
"If a child enjoys too much freedom, it may easily become conceited and overly careless. That will produce evil consequences later when it grows into an adult."		
"Granting too much freedom to the young means raising a breed of gangsters."		
The negative influence of capitalism:	3	4
"Capitalism plays too important a role. It is too strong and thus it weakens democracy."		
"In the U.S. only very wealthy people can attain leading positions. That's a weak point of the system."		
"The strong influence American capitalists exert on the political life is a negative trend."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
The unsatisfactory social conditions (excluding social security):	3	4
"People must work day and night to keep what they've gained." "The social position of the working population is bad."		
Totalitarian trends:	1	2
"The government officials don't care much about public opinion, they all do pretty much what they please." "Everything revolves around the American President who is eulogized just as much as Stalin was."		
The politically inadequate Two-Party System:	1	1
"Two or three parties will never suffice to represent all shades of public opinion." "If there is one strong party and only one weaker party to act as a counterbalance, often resolutions are passed that are unwise."		
Too many people share in a decision:	1	1
"There are too many people who want to have a say in matters." "Due to the fact that everybody has a voice in deciding an issue, they never come to terms."		
The exaggerated propaganda:	1	*
"Just everything is presented to the people with great fanfare. They do not try to convince them by discussing a matter with them. They try to sway them by exposing them to propaganda." "They overdo the propaganda angle."		
The overly strong influence of the unions:	1	-
"The influence of the unions is excessive." "It seems to me that they misuse their power of calling strikes, for if the unions pass such a resolution, the entire economy is paralyzed."		
Other negative trends in internal affairs:	2	3
"Too many former brass hats are in the government. That's bad, for these people may plunge the country into war some day." "People enjoy almost too much freedom over there. This leads to individuals elbowing their way to success, and in that process quite a few are knocked down."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
BAD SIDES ON THE FOREIGN AFFAIRS FRONT	(3%)	(6%)
Arrogance and intolerance shown towards other countries:	1	2
"The Americans are too proud of themselves and of their form of government. They should be more tolerant towards the rest of the world." "As they've had a democratic system of government for so long under which the individual could assert himself, Americans want to play first fiddle wherever they go."		
Meddling in the affairs of other nations (imperialism):	1	1
"This constant meddling in other peoples' affairs. That's a bad side of their democracy." "America wants to have the upper hand, just as Russia does. Wherever an opportunity presents itself, they grab land."		
The American attitude toward Germany:	*	1
"They are too fickle in their dealings with Germany."		
Other negative trends in foreign affairs:	1	2
"I think one of the weak points is that they were so overly trustful towards the Russians during the war."		
NEGATIVE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE AMERICANS	(3%)	(6%)
The negative character traits of the Americans:	2	3
"The Americans are superficial." "They are too egotistical." "The fact that their guiding principle is to dominate one's fellowman." "They talk too much and do too little."		
Distribution of low-quality entertainment media:	*	2
"Those gangster films which corrupt the young in the U.S. as well as over here." "Trashy literature and gangster films are absolutely impossible. They kill every decent instinct and destroy every ethical conception."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Other negative trends:	1	1
"The individual lacks culture."		
THE AMERICAN DEMOCRACY HAS NO BAD SIDES	(4%)	(11%)
"Well, as far as I know, there are no bad aspects to the American democracy. The systems functions much more smoothly than it does in our country."		
"There isn't a thing about the American democracy that is really bad, even if you hear people grumble occasionally."		
"The American democracy has no weaknesses."		
NO OPINION/NO ANSWER	(67%)	(39%)
	102%@	108%@

* Less than one half of one per cent

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

For illustrative purposes the various reasons for thinking that public opinion in Germany exerts a stronger influence on the political decisions of the country are presented below.

"Where do you believe public opinion exerts a stronger influence on the political decisions of the country: In West Germany or in the United States?"

IF "In West Germany":
"In your opinion, why does public opinion exert more influence in West Germany?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
Because public opinion exerts a strong influence on political developments:	2	2
"In West Germany the various governmental agencies invite the political parties to give their opinion on all pending problems."		
"The newspapers of the opposition influence the government in its decisions."		
Because the West Germans are more interested in political life:	1	3
"Because in West Germany people engage more actively in politics. Our present precarious situation compels us to take an interest in political developments."		
"Germans are more ambitious, more interested in politics. They want to get back to the top."		
Because the West Germans have more freedom:	1	1
"We enjoy greater freedom. We can say what we want."		
"We are free to assemble and can hold free discussions whenever we want."		
Because our democracy is quite young and thus the government must consider public opinion:	1	1
"Because our democracy isn't firmly established yet and our politicians have to consider people's opinion carefully."		
"Because our governmental system is still in the process of evolving and these government officials must listen to public opinion for guidance."		
Because West Germany is such a small country:	1	1
"Look what small a country West Germany is. People know each other, and relations are closer."		
"Because people live so closely together in the Federal Republic."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Because many political parties exist in West Germany:	1%	*
"Because we have so many political parties in our country." "Because of our numerous political parties."		
Because in West Germany a free election system exists:	1	-
"Here free elections are conducted." "We have a better election system."		
Other answers:	2	5
"Because we Germans are better organized." "Because we have a more positive conception of life." "We are more progressive."		
No opinion:	2	3
	12%@	16%@

* Less than one half of one per cent.
@ Some respondents gave more than one answer.

REASONS ...

Asked why public opinion is of greater influence in the United States the leading reason seems to be that the individuals' opinions are given more weight and attention.

"Where do you believe public opinion exerts a stronger influence on the political decisions of the country: In West Germany or in the United States?"

IF "In the United States":
"In your opinion, why does public opinion exert more influence in the United States?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
Because more attention is given to the opinion of the individual:	11%	22%
"Because public opinion is appreciated far more in America, more attention is given to the average person's opinion."		
"Public opinion is more effective in America and gets more attention."		
"In America the government asks what the man in the street thinks and desires. Not in this country."		
"There is a real democratic government and the opinion of the common people is acknowledged."		
"In the U.S. politicians listen more attentively to individual opinion."		
Because the various organizations (trade unions, women's associations, etc.) have great influence and power:	3	7
"There are many big associations which take an active part in civil affairs, I'm thinking of women's associations, trade unions and so on."		
"Trade unions are more powerful. Nearly everybody is organized in a union. The public is organized and has a strong position."		
"In America public opinion is considered more. Just think of American women's clubs."		
Because in the U.S. a more democratic spirit exists:	3	5
"There is a true democracy in America, and public opinion is considered a basic ingredient of a democratic system."		
"In the U.S. a democratic system has been in operation for a longer time."		
"They have lived in a democracy for a longer time. They are more advanced in democracy because they have longer experience."		
Because the Americans are more interested in political life:	2	7
"More vital interest of the individual."		
"In Germany the public is not interested. Above all the idea of freedom is misinterpreted."		
"The Americans are more interested in political life, they are more on the beam and more alert."		

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(Cont'd from preceding page)	West Germany	West Berlin
Because economic and financial conditions are better:	2	5
"Due to the high living standard people have more time to think things over. They have more extensive contacts." "They have more money and more personal influence." "People are economically independent and live on a larger scale."		
Because press and radio are more independent:	2	3
"Because press, radio and general propaganda media are in private hands and not under the control of one government or one state."		
Because the Americans are educated towards citizenship:	1	5
"It's due to the political education the young and also other age groups receive." "Americans are not as servile as Germans. They say frankly what they think."		
Because America won the war:	1	2
"They have won the war." "Because they are independent of occupational powers, war destructions, etc."		
Because there are only two political parties:	1	1
"There are only two major parties taking turns in forming the government." "Since there are only a few big parties public opinion is less conflicting as here and therefore weightier."		
Miscellaneous:	4	9
"In Germany people never can make up their minds for which party to vote. They lack confidence in the parties." "In Germany the small parties are suppressed." "I suppose that there are different laws in America, therefore the people have more influence."		
No opinion/No answer:	3 33%@	3 69%@

* Less than one half of one per cent.
@ Some respondents gave more than one answer.

COMMENTS IN DETAIL...

"And do you know whether America is fundamentally more for or more against our remilitarization?"

IF "More for it":
"And for what reasons does America, in your opinion, support our remilitarization?"

ADVANTAGES FOR BOTH AMERICA AND GERMANY	West Germany (47%)	West Berlin (89%)
To provide protection against the advance of Communism:	34	64
"Because America wants to draw a line against Bolshevism that threatens the Christian Occident and the freedom of man in the whole world."		
"To establish a counterweight against the Eastern powers, and prevent them from advancing to the Atlantic."		
"Because America knows that if Germany comes under Bolshevist control, all Europe will be lost, and an unarmed Germany would be an easy prey for Russia."		
"To prevent Germany from being swamped with Communist ideas."		
"America wants to mobilize as much opposition against Communism as possible."		
To make Germany powerful enough to take its defense in its own hands:	5	16
"Because Germany must be in a position to defend itself. You can't expect the Americans to do that for ever."		
"America doesn't want to leave Germany any longer at the mercy of an aggressor."		
"West Germany is to become powerful enough to build its own defense."		
To strengthen the West:	5	7
"To strengthen NATO."		
"Because a European Union will never be achieved without armament. No nation can do without military forces."		
"We can contribute to the defense of Europe."		
America wants world peace:	2	2
"To preserve world peace."		
"To protect the peace-loving nations. Militarization is meant for peace, not for war."		
Other advantages for America and Germany:	1	*
"America together with Germany represent a powerful bloc."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
ADVANTAGES FOR AMERICA	(45%)	(41%)
America wants German support in case of war:	18	17
"Should ever a war break out, German military forces would fight on the American side." "Because America needs us in case of war." "To strengthen its defense power." "Because America knows that we will fight with them should it come to war." "Because they need our soldiers."		
America wants to spare its own forces at our expense:	8	7
"Because the Americans expect us to stick out our neck for them." "If Germany has an army of its own, the Americans can spare their own forces in case of war." "The German soldiers may bleed to death for America." "We've always been so foolish as to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for others."		
Germany is a reliable partner with good soldiers:	7	10
"The Americans know that the German soldiers are efficient fighters." "A powerful German army is worth more than all NATO forces together - even the Russians would respect it." "The Americans are well aware that the Germans are the sole people on whom they can rely." "Because it can't find a more reliable partner for its defense than Germany."		
America wants to profit by German remilitarization:	7	3
"Because it wants to sell arms to Europe." "To gain by the delivery of weapons." "Because the remilitarization of Germany gives the Americans a chance to sell arms, airplanes and other war material to Germany."		
America wants to safeguard its own position:	3	3
"To get military bases in Europe." "An armed Germany represents an outpost for America."		
Other advantages for America:	2	1
"As they can't make common cause with the Russians, they've chosen us as an ally." "They want our rearmament out of fear of the Russians."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
ADVANTAGES FOR GERMANY	(1%)	(3%)
<u>Advantages in the political field:</u> "They want to make us an equal partner among the Western powers." "The purpose is to achieve the reunification of Germany."		
OTHER ANSWERS	(1)	(*)
NO OPINION, NO ANSWERS	(3)	(2)
	97%@	135%@

* Less than one half of one per cent

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

COMMENTS IN DETAIL ...

"Can you tell me whether America is more for or more against West European integration?"

IF "More for it":
"For what reasons does America, in your opinion, support West European integration?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
FOR POLITICAL REASONS	(55%)	(86%)
Because a united Europe represents a bulwark against Communism:	35%	54%
"Above all, to prevent Bolshevism from extending further over Europe."		
"To defend itself from Communism."		
"A united West Europe would be a strong bulwark against the Communist danger."		
"To achieve a powerful defense against the East."		
"To reinforce Europe against Communism."		
"Because a united Europe represents a strong safeguard against Communism."		
Because a united Euro e increases the power of the West thus promoting the safety of America:	9	10
"Because then the West would become stronger."		
"Because it would mean an increase in America's power as a united Europe would side with the U.S."		
"Because thus it increases its own power."		
"Because America's safety partly depends on a strong Europe."		
Because America wants peace in the world:	6	13
"For the sake of world peace."		
"The peace loving Americans consider a united Europe a guarantee for the preservation of peace in Europe."		
"To avoid political tensions that might lead to a war."		
"To prevent a war."		
Because America wants to further the cause of freedom and democracy in Europe:	1	2
"As America is a democracy, it is only natural that it wants to further the idea of democracy in Europe."		
"The Americans want us to enjoy more freedom."		
Other political reasons:	4	7
"To bring about the reunification of Germany."		
"The Americans consider the European particularism nonsense. The U.S. proves that several states can do well under a common government."		
"For political reasons."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
FOR ECONOMIC REASONS	(11%)	(16%)
Because America could derive economic profits from European unification:	5%	7%
"European unification would mean big profit for the American economy." "With a united Europe America could do more profitable business." "To open new markets." "To get a growing market for its products."		
Because America wants to strengthen the economies of the West European countries:	2	6
"To encourage the economies of the West European countries that have been harmed through the war." "Because they think that unification will boost the economy of all Europe."		
To protect American investments:	1	1
"Because of the large investments Americans have made in Europe." "Because America has invested money in all Western countries which it doesn't want to lose."		
Other economic reasons:	3	2
"For economic reasons." "Because of the advantageous effects on the economy."		
FOR MILITARY REASONS	(3)	(4)
Because America needs soldiers (particularly German soldiers) and military bases in Western Europe:	3	4
"Because America wants German soldiers." "Because they want us to stick our neck out for them." "Because they can't do without bases over here to balance the power of the East."		
FOR OTHER REASONS	(5)	(3)
Because America expects advantages from West European unification:	2	1
"America favors this plan because it hopes to derive some profit from it." "It has its own interest in mind."		
Other reasons:	3	2
"For cultural reasons, I mean it's because the American culture is originated with Europe." "For humane reasons." "America wants to help Europe."		
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(6) 80%©	(3) 112%©

© Some respondents gave more than one answer.

II. American Culture

Section 1: Cultural and educational achievements

"Could you name any particularly outstanding American achievements in the cultural sector?"

IF "Yes":
"What are you thinking of?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
ARTS	(8%)	(8%)
The film sector:	3%	4%
"The motion picture industry is highly developed and has influenced European film production."		
"I'm thinking of the film "East of Eden".		
"The Americans are really tops as far as films are concerned."		
The field of music:	2	2
"Serious modern music is much more developed than here - 12-tone music, for instance."		
"Although jazz is in vogue, the great tradition of the Metropolitan Opera is being upheld."		
"The exuberant classical jazz was born in the U.S."		
The field of literature:	2	2
"Of modern American literature,"		
"The many best-sellers of the past few years."		
"Hemingway, Mitchell, Bromfield."		
Other arts:	1	-
"The Americans do much to promote the theater."		
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	(6)	(20)
The field of medicine:	2	7
"The most brilliant results of medical research, such as penicillin, have come to us from the U.S."		
"Research projects scientists are engaged in combating polio and cancer."		
"Without hesitating, the Americans let other nations share in their medical progress. Among other things they placed iron lungs and drugs at the disposal of other people."		
The field of nuclear science:	2	6
"Of the great discoveries in the field of nuclear physics."		
"America unhesitatingly shares the results of its research in atomic energy with friendly nations."		
"The use of atomic energy for peaceful purposes,"		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
America's willingness to promote science and technology:	1	2
"I'm thinking of the generous support scientists get from private persons." "There are large foundations set up in the U.S. for the promotion of culture and sciences, such as Ford-, Carnegie and Rockefeller Foundations."		
Other achievements in the fields of science and technology:	1	5
"Of the exploration of the universe." "The immense achievements in aircraft construction."		
AMERICAN AID TO GERMANY	(4%)	(15%)
Cultural Assistance		
The establishment of Information Centers:	1	8
"The establishing of America Houses in Germany." "The establishment of the American Memorial Library."		
American-sponsored exchange programs:	*	1
"Many young Germans were invited to study at American colleges."		
Other cultural assistance to Germany:	*	1
"They have done much to help our people, among other things, they provided funds for the reconstruction of our churches."		
Economic Aid		
American economic aid to the Federal Republic (Grants-in-aid, Berlin air lift, gift parcels):	3	5
"West German reconstruction has been speeded up with American funds." "The air lift, they did not let us starve." "They were the first to support us with food and funds."		
OTHER CULTURAL ACHIEVEMENTS	(2)	(3)
Achievements in the field of education:	1	2
"Very much is being done for the younger generation." "There are more recreation centers for the young and the colleges are being expanded."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
The cultivation and settlement of the country, the creation of National Parks:	1%	1%
"Vast tracts are being settled and opened up, and the natural resources are exploited for the benefit of the people thus contributing to the prosperity of the U.S.."		
"The creation of large game reservations and national parks."		
SPECIAL ACHIEVEMENTS	(2%)	(7%)
American aid to distressed areas:	1	3
"I'm thinking of the helping hand Americans extend to other people who are suffering from the evil consequences of war."		
"There is the work of all the Quaker organizations. Whenever a catastrophe occurred in the world, they were on hand and helped in an exemplary manner."		
Other answers:	1	4
"They are the originators of such a great organization as the UNO."		
"It is an exceptional achievement that they disentangled themselves of all traditions and created a completely new culture."		
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(1) 23%©	(*) 53%©

* Less than one half of one per cent

© Some respondents gave more than one answer

"From all you have heard or read about it: in which respects do the American and the German school systems differ?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
ORGANIZATIONAL SETUP	(13%)	(28%)
In respect to the system of education:	7%	15%
"The structure of the American school system is completely different from ours. Their boarding schools, I mean, are more numerous than here in Germany."		
"In the U.S. they don't have an eight years' elementary training which is compulsory."		
"No such examination as our "Abitur" is known in the U. S. There are more technical schools."		
"In Germany we have denominational schools, while in America there are only public schools open to students of all creeds."		
In respect to educational opportunities:	3	3
"The American school system offers more ample opportunities to the young people. Wider circles of the population have the chance to attend institutions of higher learning."		
"A secondary education is available to far more children than over here. It is also much easier to go to college as no social barriers exist in the States."		
"Especially to simple people wider educational opportunities are offered in the U.S. That goes above all, for professional training."		
In respect to operational funds:	2	6
"Books and other means of instruction are at everyone's disposal free of charge. You don't pay school fees, either."		
"The state provides more ample funds than over here, and also industrial groups and wealthy persons support institutes of learning most generously."		
"American schools have larger funds at their disposal than German schools."		
In respect to facilities and equipment:	1	4
"Schools and universities are much better equipped than in Germany."		
"Compared to conditions in Germany, America has more and better equipped schools."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
SCHOOL SPIRIT	(12%)	(26%)
In respect to freedom, broad-mindedness, and informality:	11%	21%

"Americans enjoy more freedom. For instance, they can choose the school their children are to attend, while in Germany parents are notified by the school board to which school their child has been assigned."
"I suppose the school system leaves more room for the children to develop their personalities. They are more independent. Nobody orders them around."
"In school already the Americans are educated towards independent thinking. The child is regarded as an independent individual. Our children are only numbers to their teachers and left completely at their mercy."
"Their regulations aren't as strict as ours. The children enjoy more freedom. They are treated like grown-ups. You find an unconstrained, free atmosphere quite different from conditions in Germany."
"Yes, the American school system isn't as rigid as ours. It provides for greater freedom."

In respect to teacher-student relations:	1	5

"The relationship between students and teachers is on a more personal and companionable basis than in Germany."
"The interpretation of pedagogy is quite different from the conventional view in Germany. Even young children are considered personalities. The teachers take them seriously. They are on very good terms with each other."

CURRICULUM AND EDUCATIONAL METHODS	(5)	(17)
In respect to emphasis put on the problems of practical life:	3	8

"The school system is geared more to preparing the children for the problems of practical life."
"As far as I know, young Americans are prepared more thoroughly for practical life. They are not stuffed with a lot of high-brow theories."
"High school curriculums offer more occupational training courses than over here."

In respect to educational methods:	1	7

"Here the school boards work out curriculums which the schools have to adopt, while in the U.S. no rigid curriculums exist. More room is left for the specific interests of students."
"Especially in the first grades, instructional methods are more simplified and adjusted to the individuality and perceptive faculties of children."

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	West Germany	West Berlin
In respect to emphasis put on sports:	1%	2%
"In American schools sports play an important role and that is the reason why American children are healthier than their German counterparts." "More emphasis is put on physical training."		
MISCELLANEOUS	(8%)	(12%)
The German school system is better:	4	4
"The American school system is not as methodically planned as the German system." "Our school system is better by far." "Our school system is more progressive than the American system." "Under their system, people do not acquire as thorough an education as in Germany."		
The American school system is better:	2	5
"The American school system is more highly developed." "The American school system seems to me to be more positive, more expertly planned." "In American schools you have a better opportunity to acquire a good general education." "They produce a larger crop of educated people who make up the elite."		
Other answers:	2	3
"The federal government does not interfere with school affairs." "Their methods make school more interesting for the individual person." "In the U.S. they should have stricter regulations, then there wouldn't be so many young hooligans." "I am of the opinion that German children receive more careful religious instruction."		
NO DIFFERENCE	(3)	(7)
"I think, there just is no difference." "Their children must attend school as well as ours, there is no difference." "There is no difference at all. In both countries school attendance is compulsory."		
NO OPINION. NO ANSWER	(64)	(36)
	105%©	126%©

* Less than one half of one per cent.

© Some respondents gave more than one answer.

Section 2: The Negro problem

COMMENTS IN DETAIL . . .

"Does the Negro problem in your eyes damage the prestige of the U.S., or does it not? (Does it damage American prestige enormously, very much, somewhat, or only very little?)

IF "Enormously", "Very much", "Somewhat", or "Very little":

	West Germany	West Berlin
SERIOUS DAMAGE DONE TO AMERICAN PRESTIGE	(36%)	(44%)
Because the treatment Negroes get in the States is not in accordance with humane and democratic principles:	26	32

"They are human beings just as white people are and must be granted the same rights."
"After all, Negroes are human beings, and so they should enjoy equal rights,"
"Because the Americans do not recognize the most basic human rights."
"The way they treat colored people is grossly unfair."
"People adhering to ethical principles must get a very unfavorable impression from the way Americans handle the Negro problem."
"It's a disgrace that such wretched conditions should still exist in our age."

Because a country like the U.S. should have settled this problem long ago:	4	2

"Because in a state like America they should have found a way to clear up this matter way back."
"I realize it is quite a problem for the government, but they must be in a position to settle this problem."
"Because the American government is not able to carry through the policy they've charted."

Because Negroes do not have the same educational opportunities as white people:	1	3

"Only recently I read that a Negro girl was expelled from a university. Colored students are not allowed to attend the same classes with white people, that is not right."
"In the South Negro students are not admitted to the universities."

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Because equal rights are denied to Negroes although they suffered the same hardships as the white soldiers during the war:	1	3
"During a war the Negro can pay with his life, but in peacetime he is discriminated against in all fields." "During the war it was well and good for them to give their lives, but now they are not even granted equal rights." "When in the Army they have to perform the same duties as white people, but at home they are regarded inferior beings."		
Because America now employs the same racial policies they condemned us for (Jewish problem):	1	3
"America condemned us Germans once for trying to solve our racial problem, but now I see they apply racial discrimination, too." "They taught us that what we did to the Jews was against the law, but they themselves don't live in peace with their Negro countrymen". "The way we treated the Jews was severely condemned by the Americans, so now they should not employ similar methods."		
Because racial discrimination is exploited for its propaganda value, especially by the Eastern countries:	1	1
"Because Eastern papers always front-page happenings of that kind." "The East watches America very closely."		
Other answers to prove the damage done to American prestige:	2	*
"Other nations feel annoyed about how the Americans settle this problem, and even some Americans are not satisfied with the present situation." "The atmosphere is very tense between North and South and that will have consequences."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
NO (OR ONLY LITTLE) DAMAGE DONE TO AMERICAN PRESTIGE	(2%)	(2%)
Because racial segregation is necessary to ensure the purity of the white race:	1	*
"No miscegenation should be tolerated." "It's not good if there are so many persons of mixed blood."		
Because the importance of the Negro problem is exaggerated:	*	1
"It is not so important, this issue arouses little interest abroad." "It is not as big a problem as you always hear it is. It will solve itself some day."		
Other answers why there is no (or only little) damage done to American prestige:	1	1
NO OPINION/ NO ANSWER	(3%) 41%@	(1%) 47%@

* Less than one half of one per cent

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

III. Common Aims in the Spheres of Politics, Culture, Economy and Personal Life

"In your opinion, do Germany and America have any points of contact and common aims in the different areas of life? Is there anything the two countries have in common?"

IF "Yes, in the field of politics":
"Of what are you thinking?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
THE WESTERN POLICY	(26%)	(38%)
The fight against Communism:	18%	26%
"The Americans are our allies against Communism."		
"Both countries try to check Communism."		
"They sit together to discuss fighting tactics against the Russians including the use of atomic bombs and so on."		
"One of the common goals: Annihilation of Communism."		
"Boycott of the Bolshevist system."		
"We have a common effort towards defeating World Communism."		
NATO:	5	7
"I'm thinking of NATO. Both nations are members of this organization."		
"We are united with the West through our membership in NATO"		
"We belong to the same defense community."		
"We have common goals in the military field since we both belong to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization."		
The unification of Europe:	2	4
"Unification of Europe is the common goal of both nations."		
"I'm thinking of the tendencies toward establishing a United States of Europe."		
Other answers:	1	1
"German policy is orientated toward the West."		
"As far as the East/West problem is concerned, we have adopted the American standpoint."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
THE DEMOCRATIC SET-UP	(13%)	(23%)
The democratic governmental system and way of living:	12%	19%
"Both states have a democratic form of government, and both governments want their people to enjoy as much freedom as possible."		
"As both states have a democratic form of government, point of contact are but natural. I'm thinking, for instance of the equality of men, of freedom and so on."		
"A free life, respecting human rights, and dignity of man are the common ideals of the governments in both countries. Only America is ahead of us on the road towards reaching them."		
"There is the political ideology, above all, I'm thinking of the common conception of democracy."		
"The women in both countries can be elected to the highest political offices."		
The working procedure in government and parliament:	1	2
"Of the similarity in governmental procedures in both countries."		
"Neither in Germany nor in the United States can laws be enforced as long as the President hasn't signed them."		
Other answers:	*	2
"Our governmental system has been adopted from America."		
THE GERMANY POLICY	(12)	(16)
Reunification of Germany:	6	12
"Germany as well as the U.S. strive for Germany's reunification."		
"America is as keenly interested in Germany's reunification as we Germans."		
"The common effort toward the reunification of Germany."		
"America also wants Germany to be reunited."		
Rearmament of Germany:	5	3
"I'm thinking of the West German army as part of the European military forces."		
"The U.S. as well as Germany is busy with arming."		
"There is cooperation in the military sector."		
Germany's dependence upon America:	1	1
"We have to do what the Americans want us to do."		
"We have to follow the course the Americans have set for us."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Of the American Forces in Germany:	*	-
"I'm thinking of the American soldiers who are still over here."		
WORLD POLICY	(7%)	(17%)
Common efforts to preserve world peace:	6%	13%
"Americans as well as Germans endeavor to create world peace and mutual understanding."		
"Both nations strive for world peace."		
"We make common efforts to banish war."		
"We are both striving for the preservation of peace."		
The disarmament question:	-	3
"The fact that the disarmament question is taken very seriously by America and Germany as well."		
Other answers:	1	1
"I'm thinking of the United Nations Organization."		
"The negotiations with Russia."		
OTHER GENERAL POINTS OF CONTACT	(4)	(2)
The constructive cooperation between America and Germany:	1	1
"There is German-American cooperation in the political field."		
"I'm thinking of the harmony of opinion."		
Other answers:	3	1
"The position of the workers is the same in both countries."		
"We Germans enjoy high prestige with the Americans."		
"I'm thinking of money and loans."		
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(3)	(3)
	65%	99%

* Less than one half of one per cent

© Some respondents gave more than one answer

"In your opinion, do Germany and America have any points of contact and common aims in the different areas of life? Is there anything the two countries have in common?"

IF "In the cultural sector":
"Yes, of what are you thinking?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
CULTURE AND ARTS	(29%)	(68%)
Music:	9	15
"Both Americans and Germans are most fond of music."		
"Our classical music is appreciated in America, while our young people enjoy hot tunes."		
"The Americans are interested in German music, and vice versa."		
"In the field of music, we've come more and more to look toward the U.S.. All the new American dance tunes are also played over here."		
"I'm thinking of music, Wagner, for instance, is greatly appreciated in our country as well as in the U.S.		
Film:	8	14
"American films are shown here and German films over there."		
"There are German-American co-productions."		
"Both Americans and Germans try to enlighten people throughout the world on many subjects by showing them films. I mean, they try to broaden people's horizon."		
"I see many American movies."		
Literature:	3	7
"American books are translated into German and it's also done the other way round."		
"The works of Hemingway touch also a German's heart."		
"Well, literature is a common property, so to speak. They read the works of our classics, while we read American novels."		
Culture and arts (general answers):	3	6
"The two countries have a strong affinity in all cultural areas. They are kindred in spirit, so to speak."		
"I think there is an exchange of ideas in all cultural fields."		
Exchange of artists:	2	12
"There is a mutual exchange of artists."		
"Germans give concerts in the U.S., and vice versa. German theater ensembles go to America, and American troupes tour Germany."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Theater:	2%	7%
"The plays of many American authors are being performed on the German stage." "Both Germans and Americans enjoy going to the theater."		
Cultural institutions:	1	5
"The creation of American cultural centers. The America House and the Memorial Library we have in Berlin help us to get acquainted with American thinking." "The promotion of cultural activities . Look at the America House here and the Beethoven House in the U.S."		
Architecture, painting:	1	2
"We copy modern trends in architecture." "There are similar trends in the field of painting."		
SCIENCE AND RESEARCH	(5)	(12)
Science and research (general answers):	2	7
"I'm thinking of the exchange of results in research. Some of our scientists traveled to the U.S. where they were brought up to date." "Science is promoted in both countries for the benefit of the people." "There's complete spiritual freedom in the field of science and research."		
Education:	2	3
"Our schools are about the same, but we may still learn a few things." "Americans and Germans discuss their experiences in the educational sector."		
Nuclear research:	1	2
"I'm thinking of atomic research."		
OTHER FIELDS	(10)	(15)
Exchange-of-persons program:	4	7
"I'm thinking of the exchange program under which young people visit each other's country. The idea behind is to promote mutual understanding." "I'm thinking of the exchange program for teenagers." "Exchange of students and other such programs."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Press, radio and television:	2%	1%
"The press is free and democratic, in the U.S. just as well as in Germany."		
"Radio and television offer joint programs."		
Other answers:	4	7
"German-American clubs"		
"Social legislation on labor relations with Christian and liberal tendencies."		
"The tasks of UNESCO, such as educating the individual nations toward international understanding."		
"Well, I think both nations yearn to see the world, to travel and to see new things, in this point they are alike."		
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(3%)	(8%)
	47%©	103%©

* Less than one half of one per cent

© Some respondents gave more than one answer

"In your opinion, do Germany and America have any points of contact and common aims in the different areas of life?
Is there anything the two have in common?"

IF "in the economic sector"
"Yes, of what are you thinking?

	West Germany	West Berlin
TRADE AND PRODUCTION	(43%)	(59%)
Commerce (exchange of goods, common markets etc.)	30%	39%
"There are mutual trade agreements, America supplies raw materials and Germany furnishes machines."		
"Machines are exported from Germany to America, and vice versa."		
"There is a profitable trade between the two countries."		
"Export and import of both countries are adjusted to each other."		
"I'm thinking of the fact that America as well as Germany sell their surplus goods to each other."		
Economic principles; mechanization:	11	17
"I'm thinking of free enterprise, the free market economy, and freedom of opportunity."		
"Both nations favor capitalist ideas."		
"Use of the latest technical developments in production - full mechanization, for instance."		
"There is general mechanization of industry."		
Agriculture and agricultural products:	1	2
"Exchange of experience in the agricultural sector."		
"Cattle-breeding methods are similar in the two countries."		
Mineral resources and industrial products:	1	1
"Coal, oil and other fuels, Esso-Shell, for instance, as well as nylon are exported by the U.S."		
ECONOMIC AID	(8)	(22)
American economic aid:	5	11
"America did help us when times were terribly hard for us after World War II. America showed true magnanimity by granting us generous economic aid after the war."		
"America has generously supported our reconstruction work."		
"Our economy was financially supported by America."		
Improving standard of living; working conditions:	3	11
"America wants to help Germany attain the American standard of living."		
"There is a desire to raise the standard of living in both countries, and to increase the income of the average man."		
"Attempts are made to introduce the fourty-hour week here in Germany following the American example."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
OTHER FIELDS	(7%)	(13%)
Research goals:	2	8
"Both nations aim at the same objects in the field of research."		
"Atomic research for peaceful purposes."		
"They both seek to use atomic energy to replace electric power."		
Rearmament:	1	1
"America delivers arms for the equipment of the German military forces."		
"The U.S. supplies us with war material."		
Other answers:	4	4
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(3) 61%	(4) 98%

"In your opinion, do Germany and America have any points of contact and common aims in the different areas of life? Is there anything the two countries have in common

In the personal sphere? Are there any common traits of character?"

IF "Yes":
"Of what are you thinking?"

	West Germany	West Berlin
TRAITS OF CHARACTER COMMON TO GERMANS AND AMERICANS	(18%)	(38%)
Readiness to help others, humaneness, justice:	6%	13%
"They are helpful just as we are."		
"Both, Americans and Germans are good-natured and helpful."		
"Fondness of children and compassion for one's fellow-men."		
"Generally the Americans are humane and just, thus coming pretty close to the German character."		
"The Americans are good people too, and therefore we get along very well."		
Diligence, proficiency:	4	10
"Members of both nations are diligent and assiduous."		
"Both peoples strive to get ahead in life, They are both very versatile and efficient."		
"Germans and Americans are able workers."		
"Both, Americans as well as Germans have common sense."		
General answers:	4	7
"We are similar in nature and character."		
"The Americans resemble us in temper."		
"They are men like us."		
Love of peace:	1	4
"The average American just as the average German wants to live in peace."		
"Both nations want peace."		
Progressiveness, positive attitude toward life:	1	*
"They are progressive."		
"They have a positive attitude toward life."		
Other answers:	2	4
"Both peoples want and love freedom."		
"Both love their home country."		
HUMAN RELATIONS AND LINKS	(13)	(23)
Kinship between Germans and Americans:	9	16
"To be frank, the American intelligentsia is about 40 per cent of German descent."		
"The majority of the Americans have German grandparents."		
"Americans and Germans are related by blood."		
"Many an American marries a German girl."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Friendly relations between Americans and Germans:	2%	3%
"There exists a natural affinity between the two nations."		
"We have friendly feelings towards the Americans."		
"So many Americans entertain a friendship with Germans."		
"Both peoples cultivate hospitality."		
Contacts with tourists and occupation forces:	1	2
"Direct contact with American tourists and members of the occupation forces has resulted in mutual adjustment of the customs and habits of the two nations."		
Exchange of pupils and students:	1	2
"I'm thinking of the exchange of students - a program that favors the establishing of contacts."		
"The exchange program for students."		
OTHER COMMON TRAITS AND POINTS OF CONTACT	(10)	(24)
Religious life:	3	5
"The fact that both peoples are Christians and that they cherish the same human ideals creates many points of contact."		
"There is co-operation between the Protestant Church in America and Germany."		
"Not to forget religion - the majority of the population in both countries are Christians, and the Church is not suppressed."		
Sports:	2	9
"Both peoples have the same great liking for sports."		
"American sportsmen come over to Germany and vice versa."		
"Sports activities help people find a way to each other."		
American aid programs for Germany:	2	5
"When we were so hard up, the Americans didn't turn their backs on us, but helped us."		
"The American people did much to relieve our distress."		
Way of life:	1	2
"We have been strongly influenced by the Americans, in fashions and the way of dressing, for instance. They like to drink beer and to smoke just as much as we do."		

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	West Germany	West Berlin
Other answers:	2%	3%
"We look very much alike." "We have the same social attitude."		
NO OPINION, NO ANSWER	(5%) 46%@	(4%) 89%@

* Less than one half of one per cent

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer

Group-breaks

I. The American Political System

Section 1: Comparative knowledge

"Can you tell me what is the capital of the United States, the seat of the government?"
"Can you tell me what is the capital of the West German Federal Republic?"

	Right (Washington)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Bonn)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	58%	42%...100%	90%	10%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	72	28	95	5	526
Women	46	54	87	13	684
Education:					
Elementary school	52	48	89	11	998
Beyond elemenary	87	13	98	2	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	42	58	79	21	141
150 to 299 DM	47	53	88	12	262
300 to 399 DM	53	47	92	8	289
400 to 499 DM	61	39	94	6	171
500 DM and more	81	19	97	3	255
No answer	55	45	85	15	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	67	33	93	7	73
Somewhat active	67	33	94	6	336
Remainder	53	47	89	11	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	93	7	98	2	56
Upper middle classes	76	24	95	5	308
Lower middle classes	53	47	91	9	695
Lower classes	31	69	73	27	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	54	46	90	10	138
25 to 34 years	64	36	95	5	255
35 to 44 years	61	39	88	12	224
45 to 54 years	57	43	90	10	279
55 years and over	53	47	88	12	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	59	41	91	9	285
CDU/CSU	59	41	90	10	354
FDP	79	21	98	2	62
Other parties	59	41	89	11	69
No party	54	46	91	9	220
No opinion/No answer	51	49	86	14	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	93	7	93	7	28
Businessmen	80	20	97	3	71
White-collar workers	80	20	97	3	125
Skilled laborers	79	21	95	5	141
Semi-skilled laborers	52	48	92	8	137
Domestic service	57	43	86	14	35
Farmers; farmhands	45	55	85	15	97
Housewives	45	55	87	13	409
Pensioners; retired	51	49	87	13	146
Students; apprentices	81	19	100	-	21
Religion:					
Catholics	57	43	88	12	569
Protestants	58	42	92	8	585
Others	50	50	86	14	22
No religion	82	12	97	3	34

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@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

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	Right (Washington)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Bonn)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	58%	42%...100%	90%	10%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	56	44	90	10	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	46	54	86	14	415
2,000 to 24,999	61	39	91	9	320
25,000 to 99,999	58	42	92	8	142
100,000 and more	68	32	94	6	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	64	36	92	8	125
Lower Saxony	55	45	92	8	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	59	41	91	9	303
Hesse	64	36	95	5	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	58	42	93	7	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	62	38	94	6	157
Bavaria	50	50	83	17	268

"Can you tell me the name of the President of the United States of America?"
"Can you tell me the name of the present German Chancellor?"

	Right (Eisenhower)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Adenauer)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	83%	17%...100%	97%	3%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	92	8	99	1	526
Women	76	24	95	5	684
Education:					
Elementary school	80	20	96	4	998
Beyond elementary	97	3	99	1	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	74	26	94	6	141
150 to 299 DM	79	21	98	2	262
300 to 399 DM	83	17	97	3	289
400 to 499 DM	86	14	98	2	171
500 DM and more	93	7	99	1	255
No answer	73	27	89	11	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	93	7	99	1	73
Somewhat active	89	11	98	2	336
Remainder	80	20	96	4	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	98	2	98	2	56
Upper middle classes	92	8	98	2	308
Lower middle classes	81	19	97	3	695
Lower classes	69	31	93	7	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	83	17	98	2	138
25 to 34 years	86	14	98	2	255
35 to 44 years	84	16	99	1	224
45 to 54 years	84	16	96	4	279
55 years and over	79	21	96	4	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	86	14	98	2	285
CDU/CSU	83	17	97	3	354
FDP	95	5	100	-	62
Other parties	77	23	97	3	69
No party	84	16	97	3	220
No opinion/No answer	75	25	94	6	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	96	4	96	4	28
Businessmen	90	10	97	3	71
White-collar workers	94	6	98	2	125
Skilled laborers	94	6	99	1	141
Semi-skilled laborers	83	17	100	-	137
Domestic service	86	14	97	3	35
Farmers; farmhands	78	22	96	4	97
Housewives	74	26	94	6	409
Pensioners; retired	81	19	97	3	146
Students; apprentices	95	5	100	-	21
Religion:					
Catholics	83	17	97	3	569
Protestants	82	18	97	3	585
Others	86	14	95	5	22
No religion	97	3	97	3	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Right (Eisenhower)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Adenauer)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	83%	17%...100%	97%	3%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	84	16	98	2	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	74	26	95	5	415
2,000 to 24,999	87	13	97	3	320
25,000 to 99,999	85	15	96	4	142
100,000 and more	89	11	99	1	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	90	10	97	3	125
Lower Saxony	75	25	98	2	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	85	15	96	4	303
Hesse	86	14	99	1	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	88	12	100	-	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	85	15	97	3	157
Bavaria	79	21	95	5	268

"Can you tell me what the parliament of the United States is called?"
"Do you know what the legislative body, the parliament, of the Federal Republic is called?"

	Right (Senate a/o House of Representatives a/o Congress)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Bundestag a/o Bundesrat)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	28%	72%...100%	62%	38%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	41	59	77	23	526
Women	18	82	51	49	684
Education:					
Elementary school	22	78	57	43	998
Beyond elementary	58	42	89	11	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	17	83	43	57	141
150 to 299 DM	22	78	57	43	262
300 to 399 DM	25	75	62	38	289
400 to 499 DM	28	72	64	36	171
500 DM and more	44	56	80	20	255
No answer	29	71	57	43	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	36	64	81	19	73
Somewhat active	38	62	71	29	336
Remainder	23	77	57	43	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	66	34	91	9	56
Upper middle classes	44	56	76	24	308
Lower middle classes	22	78	59	41	695
Lower classes	11	89	36	64	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	25	75	57	43	138
25 to 34 years	26	74	62	38	255
35 to 44 years	32	68	67	33	224
45 to 54 years	28	72	64	36	279
55 years and over	28	72	59	41	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	26	74	66	34	285
CDU/CSU	31	69	62	38	354
FDP	50	50	85	15	62
Other parties	27	73	58	42	69
No party	26	74	58	42	220
No opinion/No answer	23	77	56	44	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	75	25	89	11	28
Businessmen	44	56	79	21	71
White-collar workers	58	42	86	14	125
Skilled laborers	28	72	77	23	141
Semi-skilled laborers	26	74	60	40	137
Domestic service	26	74	52	48	35
Farmers; farmhands	21	79	48	52	97
Housewives	15	85	51	49	409
Pensioners; retired	25	75	56	44	146
Students; apprentices	62	38	81	19	21
Religion:					
Catholics	27	73	60	40	569
Protestants	28	72	64	36	585
Others	9	91	59	41	22
No religion	50	50	76	24	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Right (Senate a/o House of Representatives a/o Congress)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (Bundestag a/o Bundesrat)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	29%	71%...100%	62%	38%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	26	74	63	37	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	19	81	50	50	415
2,000 to 24,999	28	72	68	32	320
25,000 to 99,999	33	67	73	27	142
100,000 and more	37	63	68	32	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	31	69	74	26	125
Lower Saxony	24	76	56	44	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	31	69	63	37	303
Hesse	41	59	77	23	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	30	70	63	37	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	29	71	62	38	157
Bavaria	21	79	54	46	268

"Can you tell me when the next presidential elections will take place in the United States?"
"Can you tell me when the next elections for the Bundestag in West Germany will be held?"

	Right (Nov 1956/ 1956)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (In the Fall 1957/1957)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	39%	61%...100%	51%	49%..100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	52	48	68	32	526
Women	30	70	39	61	684
Education:					
Elementary school	33	67	47	53	998
Beyond elementary	69	31	72	28	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	26	74	31	69	141
150 to 299 DM	31	69	46	54	262
300 to 399 DM	38	62	53	47	289
400 to 499 DM	43	57	56	44	171
500 DM and more	57	43	65	35	255
No answer	34	66	49	51	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	51	49	60	40	73
Somewhat active	48	52	63	37	336
Remainder	35	65	46	54	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	73	27	73	27	56
Upper middle classes	56	44	65	35	308
Lower middle classes	34	66	48	52	695
Lower classes	17	83	30	70	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	38	62	41	59	138
25 to 34 years	39	61	52	48	255
35 to 44 years	43	57	56	44	224
45 to 54 years	42	58	52	48	279
55 years and over	36	64	53	47	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	38	62	53	47	285
CDU/CSU	41	59	53	47	354
FDP	60	40	66	34	62
Other parties	43	57	58	42	69
No party	36	64	50	50	220
No opinion/No answer	35	65	41	59	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	61	39	72	28	28
Businessmen	58	42	63	37	71
White-collar workers	64	36	75	25	125
Skilled laborers	51	49	63	37	141
Semi-skilled laborers	36	64	57	43	137
Domestic service	37	63	40	60	35
Farmers; farmhands	31	69	40	60	97
Housewives	28	72	40	60	409
Pensioners; retired	34	66	43	57	146
Students; apprentices	48	52	76	24	21
Religion:					
Catholics	40	60	51	49	569
Protestants	38	62	50	50	585
Others	45	55	45	55	22
No religion	56	44	82	18	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Right (Nov 1956/ 1956)	Wrong/ No opinion	Right (In the Fall 1957/1957)	Wrong/ No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	39%	61%...100%	52%	48%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	40	60	53	47	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	31	69	42	58	415
2,000 to 24,999	45	55	51	49	320
25,000 to 99,999	44	56	60	40	142
100,000 and more	43	57	61	39	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	38	62	62	38	125
Lower Saxony	39	61	52	48	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	40	60	57	43	303
Hesse	42	58	63	37	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	37	63	50	50	60
Baden Wuerttemberg	38	62	38	62	157
Bavaria	40	60	44	56	258

"Can you tell me what the large political parties in the U.S. are called?"

	Republicans/ Democrats	Other parties/ Don't know	No. of cases
Total West Germany	39%	62%...101%@	1210
Sex:			
Men	56	45 ...101%@	526
Women	25	76 ...101%@	684
Education:			
Elementary school	32	69 ...101%@	998
Beyond elementary	69	32 ...101%@	212
Income:			
Up to 149 DM	26	75 ...101%@	141
150 to 299 DM	28	74 ...102%@	262
300 to 399 DM	38	63 ...101%@	289
400 to 499 DM	41	60 ...101%@	171
500 DM and more	57	45 ...102%@	255
No answer	38	62 ...100%	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:**			
Very active	52	48 ...100%	73
Somewhat active	49	53 ...102%@	336
Remainder	33	68 ...101%@	801
Socio-Economic Status:			
Upper classes	72	30 ...102%@	56
Upper middle classes	53	48 ...101%@	308
Lower middle classes	35	67 ...102%@	695
Lower classes	16	84 ...100%	151
Age:			
18 to 24 years	35	66 ...101%@	138
25 to 34 years	37	64 ...101%@	255
35 to 44 years	41	60 ...101%@	224
45 to 54 years	41	61 ...102%@	279
55 years and over	38	63 ...101%@	314
Party Preference:			
SPD	39	63 ...102%@	285
CDU/CSU	38	63 ...101%@	354
FDP	61	39 ...100%	62
Other parties	43	61 ...104%@	69
No party	38	63 ...101%@	220
No opinion/No answer	32	68 ...100%	220
Occupation:			
Professionals	75	27 ...102%@	28
Businessmen	65	37 ...102%@	71
White-collar workers	68	34 ...102%@	125
Skilled laborers	50	51 ...101%@	141
Semi-skilled laborers	32	69 ...101%@	137
Domestic service	29	71 ...100%	35
Farmers; farmhands	31	69 ...100%	97
Housewives	25	76 ...101%@	409
Pensioners; retired	33	68 ...101%@	146
Students; apprentices	62	38 ...100%	21
Religion:			
Catholics	40	62 ...102%@	569
Protestants	37	64 ...101%@	585
Others	46	54 ...100%	22
No religion	53	47 ...100%	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer.
** Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Republicans/ Democrats	Other parties/ Don't know	No. of cases
Origin:			
Natives	39%	62%...101%@	961
Expellees; refugees	36	65 ...101%@	249
City Size:			
Up to 1,999	28	73 ...101%@	415
2,000 to 19,999	38	63 ...101%@	320
20,000 to 99,999	49	52 ...101%@	142
100,000 and more	49	52 ...101%@	333
Land:			
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	46	56 ...102%@	125
Lower Saxony	28	72 ...100%	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	41	60 ...101%@	303
Hesse	43	58 ...101%@	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	35	65 ...100%	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	42	59 ...101%@	157
Bavaria	38	64 ...102%@	268

@ Some respondents gave more than one answer.

"In electing the U.S. Congress - which corresponds to our Bundestag here - do voters cast their votes for a political party, or for a candidate?"

	Party	Candi-date	Both	Don't know	No. of cases
Total West Germany	16%	38%	9%	37%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	20	45	10	25	526
Women	12	33	9	46	684
Education:					
Elementary school	16	34	10	40	998
Beyond elementary	14	61	8	17	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	16	24	8	52	141
150 to 299 DM	17	33	7	43	262
300 to 399 DM	19	34	13	34	289
400 to 499 DM	11	43	8	38	171
500 DM and more	16	59	8	17	255
No answer	10	27	11	52	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	14	53	10	23	73
Somewhat active	21	45	7	27	336
Remainder	14	34	10	42	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	9	62	9	20	56
Upper middle classes	18	47	9	26	308
Lower middle classes	16	36	10	38	695
Lower classes	11	24	8	57	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	15	44	8	33	138
25 to 34 years	15	40	9	36	255
35 to 44 years	17	41	10	32	224
45 to 54 years	16	37	7	40	279
55 years and over	15	34	12	39	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	21	43	9	27	285
CDU/CSU	14	38	10	38	354
FDP	15	66	6	13	62
Other parties	22	36	6	36	69
No party	13	34	12	41	220
No opinion/No answer	13	31	7	49	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	25	53	11	11	28
Businessmen	18	48	6	28	71
White-collar workers	19	53	13	15	125
Skilled laborers	15	46	11	28	141
Semi-skilled laborers	20	41	5	34	137
Domestic service	6	40	9	45	35
Farmers; farmhands	18	19	14	49	97
Housewives	13	32	9	46	409
Pensioners; retired	15	34	9	42	146
Students; apprentices	10	57	10	23	21
Religion:					
Catholics	17	33	11	39	569
Protestants	16	41	8	35	585
Others	-	63	5	32	22
No religion	6	70	-	24	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Party	Candi-date	Both	Don't know	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	16%	38%	10%	36%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	16	40	6	38	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	17	26	9	48	415
2,000 to 24,999	13	36	10	41	320
25,000 to 99,999	18	44	9	29	142
100,000 and more	15	53	9	23	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	17	53	6	24	125
Lower Saxony	9	32	9	50	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	15	41	6	38	303
Hesse	24	37	10	29	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	7	30	20	43	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	11	38	11	40	157
Bavaria	22	36	11	31	268

"In your opinion, is the U.S. Congress free to pass any law it pleases, or not?"

	Yes	No	Don't know	No. of cases
Total West Germany	29%	25%	46%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	35	31	34	526
Women	25	19	56	684
Education:				
Elementary school	30	21	49	998
Beyond elementary	30	39	31	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	24	16	60	141
150 to 299 DM	30	21	49	262
300 to 399 DM	33	22	45	289
400 to 499 DM	25	22	53	171
500 DM and more	34	39	27	255
No answer	23	22	55	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@				
Very active	34	34	32	73
Somewhat active	32	29	39	336
Remainder	28	22	50	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	25	43	32	56
Upper middle classes	32	31	37	308
Lower middle classes	31	22	47	695
Lower classes	20	15	65	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	31	25	44	138
25 to 34 years	33	25	42	255
35 to 44 years	29	29	42	224
45 to 54 years	26	22	52	279
55 years and over	30	22	48	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	36	27	37	285
CDU/CSU	29	25	46	354
FDP	31	43	26	62
Other parties	33	20	47	69
No party	25	24	51	220
No opinion/No answer	25	16	59	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	32	39	29	28
Businessmen	28	40	32	71
White-collar workers	30	36	34	125
Skilled laborers	33	31	36	141
Semi-skilled laborers	36	27	37	137
Domestic service	26	17	57	35
Farmers; farmhands	36	14	50	97
Housewives	24	19	57	409
Pensioners; retired	31	18	51	146
Students; apprentices	38	33	29	21
Religion:				
Catholics	28	23	49	569
Protestants	31	25	44	585
Others	27	23	50	22
No religion	21	41	38	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Yes	No	Don't know	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	31%	24%	45%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	26	26	48	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	26	19	55	415
2,000 to 24,999	30	21	49	320
25,000 to 99,999	37	26	37	142
100,000 and more	31	34	35	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	35	29	36	125
Lower Saxony	29	21	50	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	29	25	46	303
Hesse	40	18	42	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	25	27	48	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	19	24	57	157
Bavaria	31	27	42	268

"Are all inhabitants of the U.S. on reaching a certain age entitled to vote, or are certain groups of the population barred from the polls?"

	All are entitled to vote	Certain groups are barred from the polls	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	39%	16%	45%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	43	19	38	526
Women	35	13	52	684
Education:				
Elementary school	36	15	49	998
Beyond elementary	49	19	32	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	28	19	53	141
150 to 299 DM	33	18	49	262
300 to 399 DM	40	14	46	289
400 to 499 DM	41	15	44	171
500 DM and more	47	19	34	255
No answer	36	7	57	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@				
Very active	38	22	40	73
Somewhat active	42	21	37	336
Remainder	37	13	50	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	46	18	36	56
Upper middle classes	44	16	40	308
Lower middle classes	40	15	45	695
Lower classes	21	19	60	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	49	15	36	138
25 to 34 years	38	15	47	255
35 to 44 years	38	18	44	224
45 to 54 years	38	15	47	279
55 years and over	36	16	48	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	41	18	41	285
CDU/CSU	41	17	42	354
FDP	37	24	39	62
Other parties	42	15	43	69
No party	33	14	53	220
No opinion/No answer	36	10	54	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	46	11	43	28
Businessmen	42	20	38	71
White-collar workers	42	19	39	125
Skilled laborers	48	17	35	141
Semi-skilled laborers	43	18	39	137
Domestic service	40	20	40	35
Farmers; farmhands	32	13	55	97
Housewives	34	12	54	409
Pensioners; retired	34	19	47	146
Students; apprentices	62	19	19	21
Religion:				
Catholics	40	16	44	569
Protestants	37	15	48	585
Others	27	32	41	22
No religion	56	12	32	34

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@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	All are entitled to vote	Certain groups are barred from the polls	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	39%	16%	45%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	38	14	48	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	33	4	53	415
2,000 to 24,999	39	15	46	320
25,000 to 99,999	36	18	46	142
100,000 and more	46	18	36	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	38	22	40	125
Lower Saxony	33	12	55	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	39	16	45	303
Hesse	41	15	44	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	35	18	47	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	46	12	42	157
Bavaria	38	18	44	268

Section 2: Views of American democracy

"Of course none of the following countries is a dictatorship nor is any of them a perfect democracy. But - as far as you can judge - in which of these countries has democracy been realized most in everyday life?" (CARD)

	England	France	America	West Germany	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	14%	3%	45%	11%	27%...100%	1210
Sex:						
Men	19	5	48	10	18	526
Women	10	2	42	11	35	684
Education:						
Elementary school	11	3	43	12	31	998
Beyond elementary	29	3	55	4	9	212
Income:						
Up to 149 DM	8	3	31	12	46	141
150 to 299 DM	8	3	42	12	35	262
300 to 399 DM	16	3	44	11	26	289
400 to 499 DM	10	4	53	8	25	171
500 DM and more	23	4	56	7	10	255
No answer	15	2	34	14	35	92
Opinion Leadership Scale;@						
Very active	21	-	48	12	19	73
Somewhat active	16	5	49	11	19	336
Remainder	13	3	42	10	32	801
Socio-Economic Status:						
Upper classes	34	4	51	4	7	56
Upper middle classes	24	2	55	6	13	308
Lower middle classes	11	4	42	13	30	695
Lower classes	5	2	33	11	49	151
Age:						
18 to 24 years	14	3	46	15	22	138
25 to 34 years	13	4	47	10	26	255
35 to 44 years	16	4	47	11	22	224
45 to 54 years	16	4	44	9	27	279
55 years and over	12	1	41	10	36	314
Party Preference:						
SPD	13	5	50	12	20	285
CDU/CSU	13	2	47	12	26	354
FDP	24	3	60	8	5	62
Other parties	14	6	38	6	36	69
No party	18	1	39	9	33	220
No opinion/No answer	10	4	38	10	38	220
Occupation:						
Professionals	25	7	57	-	11	28
Businessmen	25	3	49	7	16	71
White-collar workers	28	3	50	5	14	125
Skilled laborers	15	4	55	9	17	141
Semi-skilled laborers	10	7	49	13	21	137
Domestic service	9	3	51	14	23	35
Farmers; farmhands	16	4	33	15	32	97
Housewives	9	2	40	11	38	409
Pensioners; retired	10	1	41	12	36	146
Students; apprentices	33	-	34	14	19	21
Religion:						
Catholics	13	3	44	11	29	569
Protestants	14	3	46	11	26	585
Others	13	-	50	5	32	22
No religion	41	6	41	-	12	34

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(Cont'd from preceding page)

	England	France	America	West Germany	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:						
Natives	15%	3%	44%	11%	27%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	11	5	45	10	29	249
City Size:						
Up to 1,999	10	4	36	13	37	415
2,000 to 24,999	14	2	49	7	28	320
25,000 to 99,999	12	6	42	20	20	142
100,000 and more	20	3	54	6	17	333
Land:						
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	20	2	45	15	18	125
Lower Saxony	11	4	46	10	29	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	18	3	38	11	30	303
Hesse	13	2	53	4	28	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	5	2	36	12.	45	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	13	4	46	10	27	157
Bavaria	12	4	50	10	24	268

"Where do you think the individual has more possibilities to exert an influence on political developments: in Germany or in America?"

	In Germany	In America	Equal possibilities in both countries	Other considerations	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	16%	27%	27%	2%	28%..100%	1210
Sex:						
Men	19	27	32	2	20	526
Women	14	27	24	1	34	684
Education:						
Elementary school	17	25	26	1	31	998
Beyond elementary	13	37	32	2	16	212
Income:						
Up to 149 DM	16	21	19	1	43	141
150 to 299 DM	17	26	26	1	30	262
300 to 399 DM	16	25	30	2	27	289
400 to 499 DM	16	26	31	1	26	171
500 DM and more	17	39	26	1	17	255
No answer	14	21	31	2	32	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:©						
Very active	28	22	26	1	23	73
Somewhat active	18	28	31	1	22	336
Remainder	14	28	26	2	30	801
Socio-Economic Status:						
Upper classes	14	43	30	2	11	56
Upper middle classes	15	33	30	2	20	308
Lower middle classes	18	25	27	2	28	695
Lower classes	12	21	19	-	48	151
Age:						
18 to 24 years	16	30	27	1	26	138
25 to 34 years	13	31	28	2	26	255
35 to 44 years	21	28	29	2	20	224
45 to 54 years	17	26	25	1	31	279
55 years and over	16	24	26	1	33	314
Party Preference:						
SPD	18	30	27	1	24	285
CDU/CSU	17	27	30	1	25	354
FDP	19	42	21	3	15	62
Other parties	20	25	22	1	32	69
No party	12	27	25	1	35	220
No opinion/No answer	13	22	28	2	35	220
Occupation:						
Professionals	18	47	21	-	14	28
Businessmen	11	32	44	-	13	71
White-collar workers	16	34	30	2	18	125
Skilled laborers	18	35	31	1	15	141
Semi-skilled laborers	22	20	26	4	28	137
Domestic service	14	34	17	3	32	35
Farmers; farmhands	20	17	24	2	37	97
Housewives	14	27	24	1	34	409
Pensioners; retired	15	23	25	1	36	146
Students; apprentices	14	19	43	-	24	21
Religion:						
Catholics	18	25	27	1	29	569
Protestants	14	28	28	2	28	585
Others	14	32	27	-	27	22
No religion	18	41	23	-	18	34

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(Cont'd from preceding page)

	In Germany	In America	Equal possibilities in both countries	Other considerations	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:						
Natives	17%	27%	27%	2%	27%..100%	961
Expellees; refugees	14	29	26	1	30	249
City Size:						
Up to 1,999	16	21	28	1	34	415
2,000 to 24,999	18	27	25	3	27	320
25,000 to 99,999	16	25	29	3	27	142
100,000 and more	15	36	27	1	21	333
Land:						
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	11	38	23	-	28	125
Lower Saxony	14	24	28	4	30	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	18	26	23	2	31	303
Hesse	10	40	35	1	14	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	17	13	38	-	32	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	15	25	31	2	27	157
Bavaria	22	26	25	*	27	268

* Less than one half of one per cent.

"Let's consider the average American as compared with the average German: Who, as a rule, displays a keener interest and participates more actively in political life?"

	American	German	Both the same	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	27%	32%	19%	22%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	31	34	19	16	526
Women	24	30	20	26	684
Education:					
Elementary school	24	32	21	23	998
Beyond elementary	41	32	14	13	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	18	27	20	35	141
150 to 299 DM	22	31	23	24	262
300 to 399 DM	25	32	23	20	289
400 to 499 DM	29	33	16	22	171
500 DM and more	40	37	14	9	255
No answer	25	25	20	30	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	29	37	14	20	73
Somewhat active	34	34	17	15	336
Remainder	24	30	21	25	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	43	36	9	12	56
Upper middle classes	37	31	18	14	308
Lower middle classes	24	34	21	21	695
Lower classes	19	23	17	41	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	28	35	16	21	138
25 to 34 years	32	32	16	20	255
35 to 44 years	29	37	19	15	224
45 to 54 years	25	32	21	22	279
55 years and over	23	28	22	27	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	28	35	23	14	285
CDU/CSU	29	34	18	19	354
FDP	48	24	18	10	62
Other parties	23	27	22	28	69
No party	27	32	15	26	220
No opinion/No answer	21	27	20	32	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	61	21	7	11	28
Businessmen	32	34	24	10	71
White-collar workers	42	25	18	15	125
Skilled laborers	33	40	14	13	141
Semi-skilled laborers	22	37	20	21	137
Domestic service	20	37	20	23	35
Farmers; farmhands	21	31	17	31	97
Housewives	22	31	22	25	409
Pensioners; retired	21	27	21	31	146
Students; apprentices	52	24	14	10	21
Religion:					
Catholics	26	32	18	24	569
Protestants	28	31	21	20	585
Others	27	45	14	14	22
No religion	38	35	18	9	34

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	American	German	Both the same	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	28%	30%	20%	22%	961
Expellees; refugees	24	36	19	21	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	20	31	22	27	415
2,000 to 24,999	26	36	18	20	320
25,000 to 99,999	24	33	19	24	142
100,000 and more	39	28	18	15	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	34	33	18	15	125
Lower Saxony	22	28	21	29	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	25	32	20	23	303
Hesse	46	20	22	12	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	17	35	28	20	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	31	28	21	20	157
Bavaria	24	39	13	24	268

"Where do you believe public opinion exerts a stronger influence on the political decisions of the country: In West Germany or in the United States?"

	In West Germany	In the United States	Influence the same in both countries	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	11%	31%	30%	28%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	12	40	30	18	526
Women	10	25	30	35	684
Education:					
Elementary school	11	27	30	32	998
Beyond elementary	10	53	28	9	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	9	23	25	43	141
150 to 299 DM	12	23	32	33	262
300 to 399 DM	12	25	34	29	289
400 to 499 DM	11	34	32	23	171
500 DM and more	12	50	24	14	255
No answer	10	30	27	33	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	16	37	26	21	73
Somewhat active	13	39	27	21	336
Remainder	10	27	32	31	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	9	61	16	14	56
Upper middle classes	10	45	31	14	308
Lower middle classes	12	26	32	30	695
Lower classes	8	19	24	49	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	14	27	32	27	138
25 to 34 years	8	38	25	29	255
35 to 44 years	11	33	31	25	224
45 to 54 years	11	30	33	26	279
55 years and over	12	28	30	30	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	14	34	30	22	285
CDU/CSU	15	29	31	25	354
FDP	6	65	19	10	62
Other parties	16	26	26	32	69
No party	7	30	28	35	220
No opinion/No answer	6	25	34	35	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	7	61	11	21	28
Businessmen	14	48	24	14	71
White-collar workers	8	52	26	14	125
Skilled laborers	12	38	33	17	141
Semi-skilled laborers	15	31	26	28	137
Domestic service	9	26	28	37	35
Farmers; farmhands	15	19	31	35	97
Housewives	9	24	33	34	409
Pensioners; retired	11	23	33	33	146
Students; apprentices	10	28	38	24	21
Religion:					
Catholics	13	30	27	30	569
Protestants	9	30	34	27	585
Others	9	36	41	14	22
No religion	6	64	15	15	34

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	In West Germany	In the United States	Influence the same in both countries	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	11%	32%	30%	27%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	12	27	32	29	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	14	19	31	36	415
2,000 to 24,999	9	32	31	28	320
25,000 to 99,999	12	34	29	25	142
100,000 and more	8	45	28	19	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	6	43	28	23	125
Lower Saxony	7	21	39	33	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	12	34	23	31	303
Hesse	4	33	42	21	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	15	13	50	22	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	8	32	31	29	157
Bavaria	19	32	23	26	268

"In your opinion, in which country does the press enjoy greater freedom: In the Federal Republic or in the United States?"

	In the Federal Republic	In the United States	In both equally great	In both equally little	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	10%	35%	26%	3%	26%...100%	1210
Sex:						
Men	11	39	29	3	18	526
Women	9	31	25	3	32	684
Education:						
Elementary school	9	33	26	3	29	998
Beyond elementary	12	45	26	3	14	212
Income:						
Up to 149 DM	11	27	16	1	45	141
150 to 299 DM	13	30	23	5	29	262
300 to 399 DM	9	32	31	3	25	289
400 to 499 DM	6	37	28	3	26	171
500 DM and more	11	47	28	2	12	255
No answer	9	33	29	1	28	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@						
Very active	19	41	23	-	17	73
Somewhat active	14	40	25	3	18	336
Remainder	7	32	27	3	31	801
Socio-Economic Status:						
Upper classes	21	41	25	2	11	56
Upper middle classes	7	44	31	3	15	308
Lower middle classes	10	33	27	3	27	695
Lower classes	14	22	15	1	48	151
Age:						
18 to 24 years	15	35	25	3	22	138
25 to 34 years	9	41	25	2	23	255
35 to 44 years	9	41	26	3	21	224
45 to 54 years	7	31	28	4	30	279
55 years and over	11	28	27	3	31	314
Party Preference:						
SPD	14	42	23	2	19	285
CDU/CSU	14	33	27	2	24	354
FDP	10	46	32	2	10	62
Other parties	9	27	26	3	35	69
No party	4	34	28	4	30	220
No opinion/No answer	5	29	25	4	37	220
Occupation:						
Professionals	18	43	21	7	11	28
Businessmen	8	51	27	-	14	71
White-collar workers	10	46	26	4	14	125
Skilled laborers	9	45	28	3	15	141
Semi-skilled laborers	14	35	25	5	21	137
Domestic service	6	43	17	-	34	35
Farmers; farmhands	13	21	30	5	31	97
Housewives	8	30	25	2	35	409
Pensioners; retired	10	26	26	1	37	146
Students; apprentices	14	33	34	-	19	21
Religion:						
Catholics	11	32	27	3	27	569
Protestants	9	35	26	3	27	585
Others	5	45	27	5	18	22
No religion	3	50	29	6	12	34

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	In the Federal Republic	In the United States	In both equally great	In both equally little	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:						
Natives	11%	34%	26%	3%	26%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	8	37	27	2	26	249
City Size:						
Up to 1,999	10	25	28	2	35	415
2,000 to 24,999	9	36	26	3	26	320
25,000 to 99,999	14	41	26	1	18	142
100,000 and more	9	43	25	4	19	333
Land:						
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	9	38	27	4	22	125
Lower Saxony	10	27	34	1	28	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	10	39	22	2	27	303
Hesse	6	36	32	4	22	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	10	32	30	5	23	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	8	29	24	5	34	157
Bavaria	14	37	23	2	24	268

"America is always spoken of as the country where the individual enjoys the greatest personal freedom. Do you agree with this or don't you?"

	Agree	Don't agree	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	52%	24%	24%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	57	26	17	526
Women	48	23	29	684
Education:				
Elementary school	50	23	27	998
Beyond elementary	65	26	9	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	39	16	45	141
150 to 299 DM	52	21	27	262
300 to 399 DM	51	25	24	289
400 to 499 DM	51	33	16	171
500 DM and more	64	26	10	255
No answer	46	18	36	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@				
Very active	58	23	19	73
Somewhat active	54	26	20	336
Remainder	50	24	26	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	55	36	9	56
Upper middle classes	61	26	13	308
Lower middle classes	50	24	26	695
Lower classes	44	15	41	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	48	29	23	138
25 to 34 years	60	23	17	255
35 to 44 years	52	26	22	224
45 to 54 years	55	22	23	279
55 years and over	46	23	31	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	59	22	19	285
CDU/CSU	55	22	23	354
FDP	68	24	8	62
Other parties	52	25	23	69
No party	38	31	31	220
No opinion/No answer	48	21	31	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	68	21	11	28
Businessmen	75	17	8	71
White-collar workers	63	26	11	125
Skilled laborers	52	32	16	141
Semi-skilled laborers	55	23	22	137
Domestic service	40	26	34	35
Farmers; farmhands	39	24	37	97
Housewives	50	23	27	409
Pensioners; retired	40	22	38	146
Students; apprentices	62	28	10	21
Religion:				
Catholics	49	26	25	569
Protestants	55	21	24	585
Others	41	36	23	22
No religion	56	29	15	34

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	Agree	Don't agree	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	52%	23%	25%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	52	27	21	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	43	25	32	415
2,000 to 24,999	52	23	25	320
25,000 to 99,999	57	23	20	142
100,000 and more	60	25	15	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	63	21	16	125
Lower Saxony	58	18	24	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	54	23	23	303
Hesse	56	22	22	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	42	23	35	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	41	33	26	157
Bavaria	47	27	26	268

Section 3: Some reactions to Foreign Policy

"Are you generally satisfied or dissatisfied with American policy towards Western Germany?"

	Satisfied	Dis-satisfied	Neither/ nor	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	58%	7%	20%	15%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	62	8	20	10	526
Women	53	7	21	19	684
Education:					
Elementary school	56	7	21	16	998
Beyond elementary	67	10	15	8	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	45	7	22	26	141
150 to 299 DM	52	8	22	18	262
300 to 399 DM	56	6	24	14	289
400 to 499 DM	62	9	17	12	171
500 DM and more	70	9	15	6	255
No answer	55	1	22	22	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	70	11	12	7	73
Somewhat active	62	9	19	10	336
Remainder	55	7	21	17	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	63	14	16	7	56
Upper middle classes	64	8	18	10	308
Lower middle classes	57	8	21	14	695
Lower classes	42	5	25	28	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	55	8	20	17	138
25 to 34 years	57	8	18	17	255
35 to 44 years	57	11	20	12	224
45 to 54 years	59	5	22	14	279
55 years and over	58	7	21	14	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	56	8	24	12	285
CDU/CSU	69	5	17	9	354
FDP	73	11	14	2	62
Other parties	54	12	14	20	69
No party	49	6	27	18	220
No opinion/No answer	45	10	18	27	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	67	11	11	11	28
Businessmen	66	7	20	7	71
White-collar workers	62	10	17	11	125
Skilled laborers	65	7	19	9	141
Semi-skilled laborers	48	9	25	18	137
Domestic service	46	-	26	28	35
Farmers; farmhands	56	10	22	12	97
Housewives	54	7	21	18	409
Pensioners; retired	57	5	23	15	146
Students; apprentices	67	5	14	14	21
Religion:					
Catholics	60	7	20	13	569
Protestants	56	7	20	17	585
Others	50	18	23	9	22
No religion	44	15	20	21	34

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	Satisfied	Dis-satisfied	Neither/ nor	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	58%	8%	20%	14%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	54	8	23	15	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	55	7	20	18	415
2,000 to 24,999	55	8	22	15	320
25,000 to 99,999	66	11	15	8	142
100,000 and more	60	6	20	14	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	64	3	12	21	125
Lower Saxony	52	9	22	17	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	62	6	18	14	303
Hesse	52	11	21	16	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	43	10	40	7	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	53	5	28	14	157
Bavaria	61	9	17	13	268

"And do you know whether America is fundamentally more for or more against our remilitarization?"

	More for it	More against it	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	83%	3%	14%..100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	92	2	6	526
Women	75	5	20	684
Education:				
Elementary school	80	4	16	998
Beyond elementary	95	2	3	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	79	2	19	141
150 to 299 DM	81	3	16	262
300 to 399 DM	80	4	16	289
400 to 499 DM	83	4	13	171
500 DM and more	90	4	6	255
No answer	76	3	21	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:©				
Very active	96	-	4	73
Somewhat active	89	2	9	336
Remainder	79	4	17	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	93	2	5	56
Upper middle classes	89	3	8	308
Lower middle classes	83	3	14	695
Lower classes	68	3	29	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	80	4	16	138
25 to 34 years	86	3	11	255
35 to 44 years	84	4	12	224
45 to 54 years	79	4	17	279
55 years and over	83	3	14	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	85	4	11	285
CDU/CSU	85	4	11	354
FDP	93	2	5	62
Other parties	78	3	19	69
No party	79	4	17	220
No opinion/No answer	76	2	22	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	96	-	4	28
Businessmen	89	4	7	71
White-collar workers	90	5	5	125
Skilled laborers	93	1	6	141
Semi-skilled laborers	86	3	11	137
Domestic service	77	3	20	35
Farmers; farmhands	80	-	20	97
Housewives	74	5	21	409
Pensioners; retired	83	3	14	146
Students; apprentices	86	-	14	21
Religion:				
Catholics	82	4	14	569
Protestants	82	3	15	585
Others	91	-	9	22
No religion	85	6	9	34

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	More for it	More against it	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	82%	4%	14%..100%	961
Expellees; refugees	83	2	15	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	78	3	19	415
2,000 to 24,999	82	3	15	320
25,000 to 99,999	86	4	10	142
100,000 and more	86	4	10	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	88	3	9	125
Lower Saxony	81	2	17	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	78	4	18	303
Hesse	90	1	9	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	78	7	15	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	85	4	11	157
Bavaria	83	3	14	268

"Can you tell me whether America is more for or more against West European unification?"

	More for it	More against it	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	72%	6%	22%..100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	84	4	12	526
Women	63	7	30	684
Education:				
Elementary school	69	6	25	998
Beyond elementary	90	3	7	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	63	9	28	141
150 to 299 DM	66	6	28	262
300 to 399 DM	69	5	26	289
400 to 499 DM	77	5	18	171
500 DM and more	86	5	9	255
No answer	70	3	27	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:©				
Very active	93	1	6	73
Somewhat active	78	6	16	336
Remainder	68	6	26	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	89	5	6	56
Upper middle classes	66	19	15	308
Lower middle classes	76	1	23	695
Lower classes	62	-	38	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	75	6	19	138
25 to 34 years	72	5	23	255
35 to 44 years	76	8	16	224
45 to 54 years	70	4	26	279
55 years and over	72	5	23	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	80	6	14	285
CDU/CSU	74	4	22	354
FDP	89	5	6	62
Other parties	68	10	22	69
No party	66	8	26	220
No opinion/No answer	62	5	33	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	89	-	11	28
Businessmen	85	3	12	71
White-collar workers	83	5	12	125
Skilled laborers	83	5	12	141
Semi-skilled laborers	76	8	16	137
Domestic service	66	6	28	35
Farmers; farmhands	64	3	33	97
Housewives	63	7	30	409
Pensioners; retired	73	4	23	146
Students; apprentices	85	5	10	21
Religion:				
Catholics	71	6	23	569
Protestants	73	6	21	585
Others	77	5	18	22
No religion	82	3	15	34

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	More for it	More against it	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	72%	6%	22%..100%	961
Refugees; expellees	73	4	23	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	65	5	30	415
2,000 to 24,999	73	6	21	320
25,000 to 99,999	78	6	16	142
100,000 and more	78	6	16	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	84	3	13	125
Lower Saxony	67	7	26	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	72	3	25	303
Hesse	79	6	15	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	55	5	40	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	75	8	17	157
Bavaria	71	7	22	268

II. American Culture

Section 1: Cultural and educational achievements

"Could you name any particularly outstanding American achievement in the cultural sector?"

	Yes	No	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	19%	53%	28%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	24	51	25	526
Women	15	54	31	684
Education:				
Elementary school	14	55	31	998
Beyond elementary	38	47	15	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	10	47	43	141
150 to 299 DM	11	56	33	262
300 to 399 DM	19	52	29	289
400 to 499 DM	22	53	25	171
500 DM and more	31	55	14	255
No answer	13	51	36	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:©				
Very active	19	56	25	73
Somewhat active	24	50	26	336
Remainder	16	54	30	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	50	32	18	56
Upper middle classes	27	56	17	308
Lower middle classes	15	54	31	695
Lower classes	8	46	46	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	17	60	23	138
25 to 34 years	21	49	30	255
35 to 44 years	21	54	25	224
45 to 54 years	18	52	30	279
55 years and over	16	54	30	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	18	56	26	285
CDU/CSU	23	48	29	354
FDP	37	53	10	62
Other parties	13	52	35	69
No party	11	59	30	220
No opinion/No answer	17	52	31	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	57	25	18	28
Businessmen	31	53	16	71
White-collar workers	34	49	17	125
Skilled laborers	21	54	25	141
Semi-skilled laborers	18	54	28	137
Domestic service	-	69	31	35
Farmers; farmhands	11	56	33	97
Housewives	15	53	32	409
Pensioners; retired	9	55	36	146
Students; apprentices	48	38	14	21
Religion:				
Catholics	17	52	31	569
Protestants	19	54	27	585
Others	27	46	27	22
No religion	29	56	15	34

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	Yes	No	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	19%	53%	28%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	19	51	30	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	11	53	36	415
2,000 to 24,999	17	50	33	320
25,000 to 99,999	23	55	22	142
100,000 and more	27	56	17	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	36	38	26	125
Lower Saxony	14	64	22	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	18	53	29	303
Hesse	17	70	13	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	8	63	29	60
Wuerttemberg/Baden	17	44	39	157
Bavaria	18	50	32	268

"Do you feel that the American school system compares favorably or unfavorably with the German system?"

	Compares favorably	Compares unfavorably	Neither/ nor	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	21%	9%	17%	53%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	24	10	20	46	526
Women	19	9	15	57	684
Education:					
Elementary school	17	8	17	58	998
Beyond elementary	37	13	20	30	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	15	7	14	64	141
150 to 299 DM	15	11	14	60	262
300 to 399 DM	21	10	17	52	289
400 to 499 DM	22	5	21	52	171
500 DM and more	35	12	20	33	255
No answer	9	4	21	66	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	25	18	20	37	73
Somewhat active	26	10	19	45	336
Remainder	18	8	18	56	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	43	18	12	27	56
Upper middle classes	31	10	22	37	308
Lower middle classes	17	9	17	57	695
Lower classes	11	5	11	73	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	26	9	17	48	138
25 to 34 years	21	9	16	54	255
35 to 44 years	24	11	17	48	224
45 to 54 years	23	9	16	52	279
55 years and over	15	8	19	58	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	23	10	19	48	285
CDU/CSU	19	11	16	54	354
FDP	53	11	16	20	62
Other parties	20	13	15	52	69
No party	16	8	17	59	220
No opinion/No answer	17	5	19	59	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	32	21	18	29	28
Businessmen	32	10	25	33	71
White-collar workers	34	10	18	38	125
Skilled laborers	20	8	23	49	141
Semi-skilled laborers	21	12	17	50	137
Domestic service	17	12	14	57	35
Farmers; farmhands	11	12	10	67	97
Housewives	16	8	15	61	409
Pensioners; retired	20	5	19	56	146
Students; apprentices	33	14	29	24	21
Religion:					
Catholics	20	9	19	52	569
Protestants	21	9	16	54	585
Others	23	5	13	59	22
No religion	29	6	24	41	34

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	Compares favorably	Compares unfavorably	Neither/ nor	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	21%	10%	18%	51%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	20	7	17	56	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	15	10	13	62	415
2,000 to 24,999	18	9	18	55	320
25,000 to 99,999	29	8	25	38	142
100,000 and more	28	9	19	44	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	29	6	11	54	125
Lower Saxony	13	11	18	58	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	21	7	22	50	303
Hesse	19	12	24	45	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	15	5	20	60	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	20	8	11	61	157
Bavaria	25	13	15	47	268

"And what do you consider preferable: to give students a high level of education or to prepare them for practical life?"

	High educational level	Preparation for practical life	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	14%	71%	15%..100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	17	71	12	526
Women	12	70	18	684
Education:				
Elementary school	12	72	16	998
Beyond elementary	21	66	13	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	14	70	16	141
150 to 299 DM	13	71	16	262
300 to 399 DM	13	74	13	289
400 to 499 DM	12	70	18	171
500 DM and more	16	71	13	255
No answer	14	61	25	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:©				
Very active	18	71	11	73
Somewhat active	15	72	13	336
Remainder	13	70	17	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	27	57	16	56
Upper middle classes	16	68	16	308
Lower middle classes	11	74	15	695
Lower classes	14	67	19	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	19	68	13	138
25 to 34 years	14	71	15	255
35 to 44 years	13	69	18	224
45 to 54 years	13	71	16	279
55 years and over	12	76	12	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	12	78	10	285
CDU/CSU	16	66	18	354
FDP	11	84	5	62
Other parties	16	71	13	69
No party	12	72	16	220
No opinion/No answer	13	63	24	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	25	64	11	28
Businessmen	10	69	21	71
White-collar workers	21	63	16	125
Skilled laborers	19	70	11	141
Semi-skilled laborers	17	71	12	137
Domestic service	17	74	9	35
Farmers; farmhands	9	72	19	97
Housewives	9	73	18	409
Pensioners; retired	12	71	17	146
Students; apprentices	38	43	19	21
Religion:				
Catholics	15	69	16	569
Protestants	13	72	15	585
Others	9	77	14	22
No religion	6	79	15	34

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	High educational level	Preparation for pratical life	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	12	72	16	961
Refugees; expellees	19	66	15	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	13	72	15	415
2,000 to 24,999	14	68	18	320
25,000 to 99,999	16	76	8	142
100,000 and more	14	69	17	333
Land:				
Schlewsig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	13	69	18	125
Lower Saxony	13	69	18	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	16	72	12	303
Hesse	12	69	19	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	13	64	23	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	10	70	20	157
Bavaria	15	73	12	268

"As far as you know, does the American school system aim more at attaining a high educational level for the students, or more at preparing them for practical life? And how is it in Germany?"

	America			Germany			
	High ed. level	Practical life	No opinion	High ed. level	Practical life	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	15%	49%	36%...100%	45%	27%	28%...100%	1210
Sex:							
Men	14	59	27	51	27	22	526
Women	15	42	43	41	26	33	684
Education:							
Elementary school	15	45	40	40	28	32	998
Beyond elementary	13	71	16	71	18	11	212
Income:							
Up to 149 DM	12	30	58	26	28	46	141
150 to 299 DM	21	35	44	37	31	32	262
300 to 399 DM	14	54	32	46	29	25	289
400 to 499 DM	11	52	37	46	24	30	171
500 DM and more	15	68	17	62	24	14	255
No answer	12	47	41	49	20	31	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@							
Very active	14	59	27	50	23	27	73
Somewhat active	16	58	26	49	31	20	336
Remainder	14	45	41	44	25	31	801
Socio-Economic Status:							
Upper classes	4	89	7	75	12	13	56
Upper middle classes	15	62	23	63	21	16	308
Lower middle classes	16	46	38	39	32	29	695
Lower classes	11	27	62	28	20	52	151
Age:							
18 to 24 years	14	58	28	49	28	23	138
25 to 34 years	20	45	35	46	25	29	255
35 to 44 years	16	53	31	48	28	24	224
45 to 54 years	13	49	38	46	24	30	279
55 years and over	12	47	41	41	29	30	314
Party Preference:							
SPD	15	54	31	46	32	22	285
CDU/CSU	16	50	34	46	28	26	354
FDP	13	74	13	69	23	8	62
Other parties	25	33	42	38	29	33	69
No party	12	45	43	40	26	34	220
No opinion/No answer	13	44	43	46	18	36	220
Occupation:							
Professionals	11	78	11	71	18	11	28
Businessmen	10	63	27	59	24	17	71
White-collar workers	17	65	18	60	22	18	125
Skilled laborers	17	52	31	45	29	26	141
Semi-skilled laborers	14	56	30	42	35	23	137
Domestic service	20	37	43	46	23	31	35
Farmers; farmhands	12	39	49	39	19	42	97
Housewives	16	40	44	39	28	33	409
Pensioners; retired	14	41	45	40	27	33	146
Students; apprentices	5	85	10	81	14	5	21

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	America			Germany			
	High ed. level	Practical life	No opinion	High ed. level	Practical life	No opinion	No. of cases
Religion:							
Catholics	18%	44%	38%..100%	40%	28%	32%...100%	569
Protestants	12	53	35	49	26	25	585
Others	9	55	36	41	27	32	22
No religion	12	70	18	70	18	12	34
Origin:							
Natives	14	50	36	45	27	28	961
Expellees; refugees	19	46	35	47	27	26	249
City Size:							
Up to 1,999	15	37	48	36	26	38	415
2,000 to 24,999	15	48	37	48	25	27	320
25,000 to 99,999	18	53	29	48	29	23	142
100,000 and more	13	63	24	54	28	18	333
Land:							
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	12	60	28	57	27	16	125
Lower Saxony	14	48	38	52	21	27	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	16	45	39	43	30	27	303
Hesse	13	53	34	49	23	28	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	17	35	48	30	25	45	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	11	51	38	43	24	33	157
Bavaria	18	51	31	42	30	28	268

Section 2: The Negro problem

"Do you consider the racial question in the U.S. to be a difficult problem, or don't you?"

	Difficult problem	Not so difficult a problem	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	45%	26%	29%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	53	28	19	526
Women	38	25	37	684
Education:				
Elementary school	42	25	33	998
Beyond elementary	62	29	9	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	29	22	49	141
150 to 299 DM	37	30	33	262
300 to 399 DM	47	24	29	289
400 to 499 DM	48	26	26	171
500 DM and more	57	31	12	255
No answer	42	20	38	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@				
Very active	56	26	18	73
Somewhat active	52	28	20	336
Remainder	41	25	34	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	73	21	6	56
Upper middle classes	57	28	15	308
Lower middle classes	41	27	32	695
Lower classes	29	17	54	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	46	26	28	138
25 to 34 years	47	25	28	255
35 to 44 years	46	28	26	224
45 to 54 years	44	28	28	279
55 years and over	42	25	33	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	46	30	24	285
CDU/CSU	47	27	26	354
FDP	63	26	11	62
Other parties	39	29	32	69
No party	43	24	33	220
No opinion/No answer	40	21	39	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	64	32	4	28
Businessmen	65	24	11	71
White-collar workers	63	23	14	125
Skilled laborers	50	34	16	141
Semi-skilled laborers	42	30	28	137
Domestic service	34	32	34	35
Farmers; farmhands	36	23	41	97
Housewives	37	22	41	409
Pensioners; retired	43	27	30	146
Students; apprentices	57	33	10	21
Religion:				
Catholics	46	24	30	569
Protestants	42	29	29	585
Others	46	18	36	22
No religion	76	12	12	34

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	Difficult problem	Not so difficult a problem	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	46%	25%	29%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	42	30	28	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	36	27	37	415
2,000 to 24,999	47	21	32	320
25,000 to 99,999	44	33	23	142
100,000 and more	54	27	19	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	47	30	23	125
Lower Saxony	34	29	37	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	49	21	30	303
Hesse	47	36	17	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	45	33	22	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	47	17	36	157
Bavaria	45	27	28	268

"Does the Negro problem in your eyes damage the prestige of the U.S., or does it not? (Does it damage American prestige enormously, very much, somewhat, or only very little?)"

	Enormously/ Very much/ Somewhat	Very little/ Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	36%	37%	27%...100%	1210
Sex:				
Men	40	43	17	526
Women	32	33	35	684
Education:				
Elementary school	32	37	31	998
Beyond elementary	53	39	8	212
Income:				
Up to 149 DM	23	31	46	141
150 to 299 DM	26	36	38	262
300 to 399 DM	35	40	25	289
400 to 499 DM	39	39	22	171
500 DM and more	50	40	10	255
No answer	38	34	28	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@				
Very active	45	39	16	73
Somewhat active	42	40	18	336
Remainder	32	36	32	801
Socio-Economic Status:				
Upper classes	57	36	7	56
Upper middle classes	51	36	13	308
Lower middle classes	31	40	29	695
Lower classes	18	30	52	151
Age:				
18 to 24 years	35	41	24	138
25 to 34 years	39	37	24	255
35 to 44 years	34	42	24	224
45 to 54 years	37	36	27	279
55 years and over	32	36	32	314
Party Preference:				
SPD	36	43	21	285
CDU/CSU	36	37	27	354
FDP	63	29	8	62
Other parties	33	42	25	69
No party	35	36	29	220
No opinion/No answer	26	35	39	220
Occupation:				
Professionals	50	43	7	28
Businessmen	54	35	11	71
White-collar workers	56	34	10	125
Skilled laborers	33	50	17	141
Semi-skilled laborers	33	37	30	137
Domestic service	20	51	29	35
Farmers; farmhands	42	28	30	97
Housewives	27	36	37	409
Pensioners; retired	31	36	33	146
Students; apprentices	47	43	10	21
Religion:				
Catholics	34	38	28	569
Protestants	36	38	26	585
Others	50	18	32	22
No religion	50	38	12	34

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	Enormously/ Very much/ Somewhat	Very little/ Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:				
Natives	36%	36%	28%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	33	43	24	249
City Size:				
Up to 1,999	28	34	38	415
2,000 to 24,999	36	36	28	320
25,000 to 99,999	37	44	19	142
100,000 and more	44	41	15	333
Land:				
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	43	40	17	125
Lower Saxony	30	34	36	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	37	37	26	303
Hesse	32	47	21	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	35	33	32	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	34	35	31	157
Bavaria	37	38	25	268

"One keeps hearing the most diverse views on the Negro problem. We would like to know which of these sentences, in your opinion, most accurately describes the attitude of the American government towards the Negro problem. (CARD)

A - The American government does everything imaginable for the Negroes, and is very successful in doing so
B - The government tries very hard, but has little success
C - The government does not do enough to insure substantial progress in solving the Negro problem
D - The government does nothing for the advancement of Negroes."

	A	B	C	D	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	11%	30%	22%	7%	30%...100%	1210
Sex:						
Men	13	36	26	5	20	526
Women	9	25	20	8	38	684
Education:						
Elementary school	11	27	21	7	34	998
Beyond elementary	10	44	28	3	15	212
Income:						
Up to 149 DM	8	21	18	6	47	141
150 to 299 DM	12	27	16	9	36	262
300 to 399 DM	9	32	23	7	29	289
400 to 499 DM	10	32	23	4	31	171
500 DM and more	14	40	28	6	12	255
No answer	11	14	28	7	40	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@						
Very active	14	34	29	1	22	73
Somewhat active	11	35	26	7	21	336
Remainder	10	28	20	7	35	801
Socio-Economic Status:						
Upper classes	9	46	27	2	16	56
Upper middle classes	10	32	33	4	21	308
Lower middle classes	12	30	19	8	31	695
Lower classes	8	17	17	8	50	151
Age:						
18 to 24 years	9	36	17	9	29	138
25 to 34 years	9	34	22	6	29	255
35 to 44 years	10	30	26	7	27	224
45 to 54 years	11	28	23	4	34	279
55 years and over	12	26	24	8	30	314
Party Preference:						
SPD	12	31	24	10	23	285
CDU/CSU	13	29	23	6	29	354
FDP	11	42	33	6	8	62
Other parties	6	26	33	4	31	69
No party	11	30	20	5	34	220
No opinion/No answer	6	27	16	6	45	220
Occupation:						
Professionals	7	50	29	7	7	28
Businessmen	17	31	29	6	17	71
White-collar workers	8	44	25	6	17	125
Skilled laborers	12	40	20	6	22	141
Semi-skilled laborers	12	25	27	9	27	137
Domestic service	14	29	17	-	40	35
Farmers; farmhands	5	30	19	5	41	97
Housewives	10	22	20	8	40	409
Pensioners; retired	12	27	24	8	29	146
Students; apprentices	10	52	24	-	14	21

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	A	B	C	D	No opinion	No. of cases
Religion:						
Catholics	10%	30%	22%	6%	32%...100%	569
Protestants	11	29	23	7	30	585
Others	-	41	32	9	18	22
No religion	12	35	26	6	21	34
Origin:						
Natives	10	29	24	6	31	961
Expellees; refugees	13	33	19	7	28	249
City Size:						
Up to 1,999	11	25	18	7	39	415
2,000 to 24,999	6	30	26	4	34	320
25,000 to 99,999	10	30	26	4	30	142
100,000 and more	14	36	23	10	17	333
Land:						
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	11	31	28	11	19	125
Lower Saxony	7	27	20	7	39	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	13	30	21	6	30	303
Hesse	13	36	24	8	19	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	8	18	27	17	30	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	10	34	19	2	35	157
Bavaria	9	29	24	6	32	268

Section 3: Acceptability of common criticisms of Americans

"Occasionally one hears unfavorable remarks about America and the Americans. (CARD) We have listed some of them here and would like to know with which of these remarks you agree fully, with which you agree mostly and with which you agree only a little or not at all?

The Americans are presumptuous and conceited."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	13%	23%	43%	21%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	15	24	46	15	526
Women	12	21	41	26	684
Education:					
Elementary school	14	21	41	24	990
Beyond elementary	11	27	55	7	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	18	22	27	33	141
150 to 299 DM	17	24	33	26	262
300 to 399 DM	15	21	45	19	289
400 to 499 DM	5	27	51	17	171
500 DM and more	12	22	57	9	255
No answer	9	17	41	33	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	14	33	39	14	73
Somewhat active	17	24	44	15	336
Remainder	12	21	43	24	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	16	23	52	9	56
Upper middle classes	6	23	55	16	308
Lower middle classes	16	23	41	20	695
Lower classes	15	17	30	38	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	15	20	48	17	138
25 to 34 years	11	26	48	15	255
35 to 44 years	12	23	44	21	224
45 to 54 years	10	20	47	23	279
55 years and over	18	22	35	25	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	14	27	46	13	285
CDU/CSU	11	20	49	20	354
FDP	13	32	53	2	62
Other parties	20	26	31	23	69
No party	15	23	38	24	220
No opinion/No answer	12	16	37	35	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	14	25	50	11	28
Businessmen	10	25	58	7	71
White-collar workers	10	24	53	13	125
Skilled laborers	16	26	45	13	141
Semi-skilled laborers	15	22	45	18	137
Domestic service	11	20	43	26	35
Farmers; farmhands	11	25	30	34	97
Housewives	12	21	40	27	409
Pensioners; retired	19	18	40	23	146
Students; apprentices	10	14	62	14	21
Religion:					
Catholics	12	24	40	24	569
Protestants	15	20	46	19	585
Others	5	41	36	18	22
No religion	12	20	56	12	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	14%	21%	44%	21%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	12	27	41	20	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	15	20	37	28	415
2,000 to 24,999	13	27	39	21	320
25,000 to 99,999	11	23	52	14	142
100,000 and more	12	21	52	15	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	10	18	54	18	125
Lower Saxony	18	22	39	21	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	9	16	49	26	303
Hesse	18	30	41	11	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	12	18	42	28	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	15	22	45	18	157
Bavaria	14	31	34	21	268

"The Americans are greedy for money and gain."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	27%	30%	22%	21%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	31	32	22	15	526
Women	25	28	21	26	684
Education:					
Elementary school	27	28	21	24	998
Beyond elementary	31	35	25	9	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	33	24	13	30	141
150 to 299 DM	29	25	18	28	262
300 to 399 DM	25	33	24	18	289
400 to 499 DM	24	30	29	17	171
500 DM and more	34	32	26	8	255
No answer	14	32	16	38	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	38	29	16	17	73
Somewhat active	34	29	22	15	336
Remainder	24	30	22	24	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	38	32	23	7	56
Upper middle classes	25	31	28	16	308
Lower middle classes	29	31	20	20	695
Lower classes	25	17	17	41	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	28	33	22	17	138
25 to 34 years	29	30	25	16	255
35 to 44 years	26	33	20	21	224
45 to 54 years	25	29	24	22	279
55 years and over	29	26	19	26	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	31	39	18	12	285
CDU/CSU	24	28	28	20	354
FDP	34	37	21	8	62
Other parties	30	33	15	22	69
No party	33	21	21	25	220
No opinion/No answer	20	26	21	33	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	32	29	25	14	28
Businessmen	24	31	31	14	71
White-collar workers	25	32	30	13	125
Skilled laborers	31	34	23	12	141
Semi-skilled laborers	31	27	21	21	137
Domestic service	34	29	20	17	35
Farmers; farmhands	28	24	17	31	97
Housewives	25	29	19	27	409
Pensioners; retired	30	28	19	23	146
Students; apprentices	24	47	24	5	21
Religion:					
Catholics	28	27	22	23	569
Protestants	26	33	21	20	585
Others	32	32	22	14	22
No religion	36	26	26	12	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	26%	31%	22%	21%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	28	29	22	21	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	29	25	18	28	415
2,000 to 24,999	26	31	21	22	320
25,000 to 99,999	32	30	23	15	142
100,000 and more	25	33	27	15	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	18	36	28	18	125
Lower Saxony	28	21	26	25	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	26	28	21	25	303
Hesse	33	43	16	8	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	22	25	15	38	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	34	28	22	16	157
Bavaria	29	31	20	20	268

"The Americans are a traditionless nation and culturally backward."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	8%	16%	47%	29%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	8	17	53	22	526
Women	8	16	42	34	684
Education:					
Elementary school	7	14	47	32	998
Beyond elementary	14	29	46	11	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	4	10	41	45	141
150 to 299 DM	10	13	41	36	262
300 to 399 DM	7	16	49	28	289
400 to 499 DM	5	14	57	24	171
500 DM and more	12	24	52	12	255
No answer	4	16	35	45	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	10	25	46	19	73
Somewhat active	10	17	49	24	336
Remainder	7	15	46	32	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	21	32	34	13	56
Upper middle classes	8	20	53	19	308
Lower middle classes	7	14	49	30	695
Lower classes	6	11	33	50	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	9	19	51	21	138
25 to 34 years	8	15	52	25	255
35 to 44 years	5	16	55	24	224
45 to 54 years	9	18	43	30	279
55 years and over	9	14	40	37	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	7	19	53	21	285
CDU/CSU	7	16	50	27	354
FDP	22	21	47	10	62
Other parties	12	13	51	24	69
No party	9	16	41	34	220
No opinion/No answer	4	12	41	43	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	25	28	36	11	28
Businessmen	7	20	59	14	71
White-collar workers	5	25	55	15	125
Skilled laborers	6	17	57	20	141
Semi-skilled laborers	5	17	53	25	137
Domestic service	9	17	40	34	35
Farmers; farmhands	7	7	47	39	97
Housewives	9	15	41	35	409
Pensioners; retired	8	12	40	40	146
Students; apprentices	29	14	38	19	21
Religion:					
Catholics	7	14	48	31	569
Protestants	9	18	45	28	585
Others	5	27	45	23	22
No religion	12	17	56	15	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	8%	17%	47%	28%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	9	13	47	31	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	8	13	42	37	415
2,000 to 24,999	8	12	48	32	320
25,000 to 99,999	6	22	53	19	142
100,000 and more	9	22	50	19	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	7	16	53	24	125
Lower Saxony	10	14	49	27	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	5	18	46	31	303
Hesse	6	17	54	23	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	8	20	27	45	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	12	11	47	30	157
Bavaria	9	17	46	28	268

"The Americans are inconsiderate, domineering and egoistical."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	13%	19%	43%	25%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	14	23	45	18	526
Women	13	17	40	30	684
Education:					
Elementary school	14	18	40	28	998
Beyond elementary	11	26	51	12	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	17	16	28	39	141
150 to 299 DM	16	22	32	30	262
300 to 399 DM	14	18	46	22	289
400 to 499 DM	11	18	51	20	171
500 DM and more	12	23	52	13	255
No answer	9	12	38	41	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	12	17	56	15	73
Somewhat active	16	22	43	19	336
Remainder	12	19	41	28	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	11	32	45	12	56
Upper middle classes	7	21	54	18	308
Lower middle classes	17	19	39	25	695
Lower classes	12	13	32	43	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	13	19	47	21	138
25 to 34 years	16	19	45	20	255
35 to 44 years	10	21	44	25	224
45 to 54 years	14	21	42	23	279
55 years and over	13	18	37	32	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	14	22	44	20	285
CDU/CSU	9	16	52	23	354
FDP	13	24	48	15	62
Other parties	29	19	30	22	69
No party	15	20	35	30	220
No opinion/No answer	12	19	35	34	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	14	32	43	11	28
Businessmen	13	20	50	17	71
White-collar workers	10	21	52	17	125
Skilled laborers	16	21	47	16	141
Semiskilled laborers	14	26	40	20	137
Domestic service	23	17	40	20	35
Farmers; farmhands	9	20	32	39	97
Housewives	14	15	41	30	409
Pensioners; retired	14	18	36	32	146
Students; apprentices	10	24	52	14	21
Religion:					
Catholics	14	19	41	26	569
Protestants	13	19	43	25	585
Others	-	32	45	23	22
No religion	15	29	41	15	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organization participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	13%	19%	43%	25%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	15	19	40	26	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	14	18	35	33	415
2,000 to 24,999	15	23	36	26	320
25,000 to 99,999	8	18	56	18	142
100,000 and more	13	18	51	18	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	10	16	52	22	125
Lower Saxony	15	15	40	30	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	11	15	47	27	303
Hesse	11	36	39	14	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	8	17	35	40	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	21	17	40	22	157
Bavaria	15	24	37	24	268

"The Americans are deceitful and sly."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	4%	9%	57%	30%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	4	10	62	24	526
Women	4	8	52	36	684
Education:					
Elementary school	4	10	52	34	998
Beyond elementary	2	6	79	13	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	5	11	38	46	141
150 to 299 DM	7	8	46	39	262
300 to 399 DM	3	14	57	26	289
400 to 499 DM	2	4	68	26	171
500 DM and more	2	8	75	15	255
No answer	4	8	42	46	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	4	4	70	22	73
Somewhat active	6	12	59	23	336
Remainder	3	8	55	34	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	-	5	82	13	56
Upper middle classes	1	7	68	24	308
Lower middle classes	5	9	55	31	695
Lower classes	5	13	34	48	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	7	5	59	29	138
25 to 34 years	4	11	60	25	255
35 to 44 years	4	10	57	29	224
45 to 54 years	2	9	58	31	279
55 years and over	4	9	53	34	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	5	9	62	24	285
CDU/CSU	3	7	63	27	354
FDP	-	3	84	13	62
Other parties	9	19	48	24	69
No party	7	11	45	37	220
No opinion/No answer	1	9	47	43	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	-	7	75	18	28
Businessmen	1	9	72	18	71
White-collar workers	5	5	72	18	125
Skilled laborers	3	11	60	26	141
Semi-skilled laborers	5	12	52	31	137
Domestic service	3	11	63	23	35
Farmers; farmhands	4	10	47	39	97
Housewives	4	9	50	37	409
Pensioners; retired	5	8	55	32	146
Students; apprentices	-	-	81	19	21
Religion:					
Catholics	4	11	53	32	569
Protestants	4	7	60	29	585
Others	-	9	68	23	22
No religion	3	9	67	21	34

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@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	4%	9%	57%	30%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	3	7	57	33	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	4	12	47	37	415
2,000 to 24,999	5	8	52	35	320
25,000 to 99,999	3	8	64	25	142
100,000 and more	2	7	71	20	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	1	6	71	22	125
Lower Saxony	6	9	55	30	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	2	5	58	35	303
Hesse	2	8	60	30	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	2	10	41	47	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	7	15	52	26	157
Bavaria	5	13	54	28	268

"The Americans are undisciplined, loud and rude."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	22%	33%	24%	21%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	21	35	28	16	526
Women	22	33	20	25	684
Education:					
Elementary school	21	32	23	24	998
Beyond elementary	22	44	25	9	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	21	28	18	33	141
150 to 299 DM	22	31	20	27	262
300 to 399 DM	23	36	24	17	289
400 to 499 DM	16	38	27	19	171
500 DM and more	28	37	27	8	255
No answer	11	26	27	36	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	23	43	23	11	73
Somewhat active	33	23	28	16	336
Remainder	33	21	22	24	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	23	39	29	9	56
Upper middle classes	17	41	26	16	308
Lower middle classes	24	33	23	20	695
Lower classes	18	24	19	39	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	25	31	27	17	138
25 to 34 years	25	39	21	15	255
35 to 44 years	22	33	24	21	224
45 to 54 years	21	35	23	21	279
55 years and over	18	30	25	27	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	26	36	22	16	285
CDU/CSU	19	34	29	18	354
FDP	23	48	26	3	62
Other parties	27	20	25	28	69
No party	21	34	18	27	220
No opinion/No answer	19	29	22	30	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	28	47	14	11	28
Businessmen	18	33	31	18	71
White-collar workers	18	41	27	14	125
Skilled laborers	21	34	29	16	141
Semi-skilled laborers	28	32	21	19	137
Domestic service	34	34	14	18	35
Farmers; farmhands	17	35	23	25	97
Housewives	22	30	21	27	409
Pensioners; retired	19	30	27	24	146
Students; retired	29	43	19	9	21
Religion:					
Catholics	20	35	23	22	569
Protestants	23	31	25	21	585
Others	23	36	23	18	22
No religion	20	35	21	24	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation,

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	23%	34%	23%	20%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	18	31	25	26	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	19	30	23	28	415
2,000 to 24,999	21	40	17	22	320
25,000 to 99,999	24	35	31	10	142
100,000 and more	24	31	28	17	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	11	26	38	25	125
Lower Saxony	27	20	25	28	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	17	33	26	24	303
Hesse	21	48	22	9	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	30	30	13	27	160
Baden/Wuerttemberg	32	32	20	16	157
Bavaria	20	43	19	18	268

"The Americans are hypocritical."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	2%	7%	54%	37%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	3	9	60	28	526
Women	2	6	50	42	684
Education:					
Elementary school	3	8	49	40	998
Beyond elementary	1	4	76	19	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	4	7	39	50	141
150 to 299 DM	4	8	43	45	262
300 to 399 DM	4	8	55	33	289
400 to 499 DM	2	5	64	29	171
500 DM and more	*	8	71	21	255
No answer	-	7	41	52	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	3	10	64	23	73
Somewhat active	3	10	57	30	336
Remainder	2	6	52	40	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	-	5	81	14	56
Upper middle classes	*	7	68	25	308
Lower middle classes	4	7	50	39	695
Lower classes	3	9	36	52	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	3	10	60	27	138
25 to 34 years	4	6	57	33	255
34 to 44 years	3	7	58	32	224
45 to 54 years	1	6	55	38	279
55 years and over	2	8	47	43	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	4	7	58	31	285
CDU/CSU	2	5	61	32	354
FDP	-	3	81	16	62
Other parties	6	12	49	33	69
No party	4	12	42	42	220
No opinion/No answer	1	5	44	50	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	4	11	64	21	28
Businessmen	-	8	74	18	71
White-collar workers	2	5	68	25	125
Skilled laborers	2	9	57	32	141
Semi-skilled laborers	6	8	51	35	137
Domestic service	3	17	49	31	35
Farmers; farmhands	1	8	50	41	97
Housewives	3	6	46	45	409
Pensioners; retired	2	6	55	37	146
Students; apprentices	-	5	81	14	21
Religion:					
Catholics	3	7	52	38	569
Protestants	2	7	55	36	585
Others	-	9	68	23	22
No religion	3	9	68	20	34

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@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

* Less than one half of one per cent.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	2%	8%	55%	35%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	3	6	50	41	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	4	10	40	46	415
2,000 to 24,999	3	7	52	38	320
25,000 to 99,999	1	6	68	25	142
100,000 and more	1	4	68	27	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	1	5	62	32	125
Lower Saxony	2	8	56	34	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	2	4	56	38	303
Hesse	2	6	59	33	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	3	5	42	50	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	4	13	49	34	157
Bavaria	3	9	50	38	268

"The Americans keep meddling in other countries' affairs."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	36%	24%	15%	25%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	41	29	15	15	526
Women	32	21	15	32	684
Education:					
Elementary school	36	22	14	28	998
Beyond elementary	39	34	17	10	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	35	16	10	39	141
150 to 299 DM	35	23	13	29	262
300 to 399 DM	39	25	14	22	289
400 to 499 DM	37	25	16	22	171
500 DM and more	38	32	20	10	255
No answer	26	19	15	40	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	51	24	14	11	73
Somewhat active	41	29	14	16	336
Remainder	33	23	15	29	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	34	38	23	5	56
Upper middle classes	36	31	17	16	308
Lower middle classes	38	24	14	24	695
Lower classes	29	9	13	49	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	41	20	17	22	138
25 to 34 years	39	21	18	22	255
35 to 44 years	36	30	12	22	224
45 to 54 years	35	26	16	23	279
55 years and over	33	25	12	30	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	46	24	14	16	285
CDU/CSU	30	29	18	23	354
FDP	47	29	16	8	62
Other parties	43	20	12	25	69
No party	32	23	16	29	220
No opinion/No answer	33	20	10	37	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	29	39	14	18	28
Businessmen	39	27	21	13	71
White-collar workers	38	30	21	11	125
Skilled laborers	43	28	13	16	141
Semi-skilled laborers	42	24	17	17	137
Domestic service	34	14	17	35	35
Farmers; farmhands	35	26	10	29	97
Housewives	33	20	14	33	409
Pensioners; retired	28	26	12	34	146
Students; apprentices	48	29	14	9	21
Religion:					
Catholics	35	25	13	27	569
Protestants	36	24	17	23	585
Others	18	45	14	23	22
No religion	53	17	15	15	34

(Cont'd on next page)

@ Determined by political and organizational participation.

(Cont'd from preceding page)

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Origin:					
Natives	36%	25%	14%	25%...100%	961
Expellees; refugees	37	22	17	24	249
City Size:					
Up to 1,999	36	19	14	31	415
2,000 to 24,999	35	29	10	26	320
25,000 to 99,999	34	27	15	24	142
100,000 and more	38	25	21	16	333
Land:					
Schleswig/Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen	29	21	25	25	125
Lower Saxony	37	20	19	24	192
North Rhine/Westphalia	33	26	14	27	303
Hesse	42	30	9	19	105
Rhineland/Palatinate	41	12	12	35	60
Baden/Wuerttemberg	41	23	15	21	157
Bavaria	36	29	11	24	268

"The Americans may indeed go to church often, but they are without religious feeling."

	Fully/ Mostly	A little	Not at all	No opinion	No. of cases
Total West Germany	11%	12%	30%	47%...100%	1210
Sex:					
Men	11	14	33	42	526
Women	10	11	28	51	684
Education:					
Elementary school	11	12	28	49	998
Beyond elementary	10	13	40	37	212
Income:					
Up to 149 DM	9	12	21	58	141
150 to 299 DM	11	9	23	57	262
300 to 399 DM	11	15	29	45	289
400 to 499 DM	9	12	39	40	171
500 DM and more	12	15	39	34	255
No answer	9	9	27	55	92
Opinion Leadership Scale:@					
Very active	18	19	34	29	73
Somewhat active	12	13	31	44	336
Remainder	9	11	30	50	801
Socio-Economic Status:					
Upper classes	14	16	43	27	56
Upper middle classes	7	13	41	39	308
Lower middle classes	11	12	28	49	695
Lower classes	12	9	16	63	151
Age:					
18 to 24 years	12	14	30	44	138
25 to 34 years	10	14	34	42	255
35 to 44 years	12	11	32	45	224
45 to 54 years	11	10	33	46	279
55 years and over	9	12	24	55	314
Party Preference:					
SPD	13	16	28	43	285
CDU/CSU	7	12	40	41	354
FDP	15	14	42	29	62
Other parties	19	11	25	45	69
No party	12	8	21	59	220
No opinion/No answer	8	12	24	56	220
Occupation:					
Professionals	14	18	39	29	28
Businessmen	7	14	38	41	71
White-collar workers	9	14	36	41	125
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